THE WEATHER

Fair Friday and Saturday.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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VOL. XCV—NO. 147. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1915 WHOLE NUMBER 39,137

ONE MILLION MEN ENGAGED IN FIGHT IN NORTH POLAND

Germans Again Attack the Russians, in Hopes of Crushing Resistance

BRITISH MAKE ATTACK

Allies in West Hammer German Lines to Relieve the Pressure on Russians.

Important Political Developments Are Expected.

London, March 12. — Just as the French attacked the Germans in the West, when Field Marshal Von Hindenburg made his drive from East Prussia last month, so the British army operating in Flanders has undertaken the task of relieving pressure on its Russian ally, now that the Russians again are being attacked in North Poland. This is part of the general plan of the Allied generals. When one is attacked the other attacks to compel the Germans and Austrians to keep strong forces at every point and endeavor to prevent them from sending new troops where they could do the most good.

The Germans now are attempting to crush the Russians. For this purpose they are reported to have an army estimated at nearly half a million men, marching along the roads towards Przasnysz. To prevent this army from being strengthened further, the British are thrusting at the German line north of LaBassee, and besides reporting the capture of the village of Neuve Chapelle, it is asserted that they have advanced beyond that town.

Million Men Engaged.

The battle taking place in the East, experts say, is the biggest pitched battle of the war, no less than 1,000,000 men being engaged. The Germans in their official report claim an advance, while Petrograd considers it likely that the Russians will have to fall back beyond Przasnysz as they did last month, before making a stand. It probably will be days before a definite result is attained in this battle.

Meanwhile another German army has appeared on the Pilica river front, south of the Vistula, probably military observers say, with the idea of inducing Grand Duke Nicholas to withdraw men from the north where the real blow is being struck.

Farther south, along the foothills of the Carpathians, fighting between the Austrians and Russians continue in wintry weather. Each side claims the other is doing the attacking but it is believed here that as the Austrians initiated this battle they probably are still the aggressors.

From the other battlefields, including the Dardanelles, no news had been received at a late hour tonight.

Political Developments Expected.

Interesting developments are promised in the political field. Prince von Buelow, the German ambassador to Italy, according to Rome and Berlin dispatches, has raised the question of territorial concessions to Italy as the price of Italy's friendship. Germany, it is declared, is doing the negotiating on behalf of her ally, Austria, whose territory is involved.

It is said Germany is trying to induce Austria to cede to Italy both Trent and Trieste. Baron Stephan von Burian, the Austrian foreign minister, according to report, does not oppose the cession of Trent, but strongly objects to parting with Trieste, while the aged Austrian Emperor refuses to consent to the loss of any part of his dominions.

It is reported that Germany desires to have the matter settled now in the fear that should the Dardanelles be forced, Italy would be more than ever inclined to throw in her lot with the Allies to ensure the safety of her interests in the Eastern Mediterranean, depending on her army to recover her lost provinces nearer home.

German emissaries, according to dispatches to British newspapers, also are busy in Bucharest and Sofia, endeavoring to point to Rumania and Bulgaria why these countries should remain neutral.

DENY GAINS MADE

Germans Claim Entire Advance of French Not Three Hundred Feet

Berlin, via London, March 12.—Although French reports for several weeks have been claiming daily gains in the Champagne region, it is said in well informed quarters here that total gains of the French during the entire battle have been insignificant,

(Continued on Page Two.)

BRITISH CRUISER TORPEDOED WHILE ON COAST PATROL

Auxiliary Cruiser Bayona, and Two Hundred of Crew, Sent to the Bottom.

BY GERMAN SUBMARI

Torpedoed Off Corswall Point, Scotland, on Thursday Morning.

Wreckage and Bodies Sighted by Passing Ships.

London, March 13. — (12:45 A. M.)—The Admiralty announces the loss of the auxiliary cruiser Bayano, while the vessel was engaged in patrol duty. In its statement of the disaster, the admiralty says:

"On the eleventh of March wreckage of the Bayano and bodies were discovered and circumstances point to her having been sunk by an enemy's torpedo.

"Eight officers and eighteen men were rescued, but it is feared that the remainder of the crew were lost.

"The captain of the Belfast steamer Castle Reagh reports passing Thursday morning a quantity of wreckage and bodies floating in life belts. He attempted to search for possible survivors, but was prevented by the appearance of an enemy submarine, which gave chase for twenty minutes."

Two Hundred Lost

The Belfast correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says the Bayano was torpedoed Thursday morning at 9 o'clock off Corsewall Point, Wigtownshire, Scotland, and that nearly 200 lives were lost. The vessel had a crew of about 216 men on board. The cruiser sank almost immediately.

Wigtownshire is the Southwesternmost county in Scotland. It lies on the North Channel, which leads into the Irish sea from the Atlantic.

The Bayano was a comparatively new steamer. She was built at Glasgow in 1913 and was owned by Elder and Fyffes before taken over by the British government and fitted out as an auxiliary cruiser.

The Bayano was of 3,500 tons displacement and 416 feet long.

FIRE IN STONE BLDG. EARLY THIS MORNING

Blaze Was Under Control at 3:30 O'Clock

Prompt Action by Firemen Averted Disastrous Conflagration on Water Front—Damage From Water Heavy.

Prompt action by the fire department undoubtedly averted what could easily have developed into a most disastrous conflagration along the water front early this morning when fire was discovered at 3:30 A. M. in the building at No. 55 South Water street, occupied by Stone & Company, wholesale grocers. At 3:30 o'clock, the blaze, while not out, was under control, and confined to the same part of the building where it originated.

No accurate estimates as to damage could be made at the hour of going to press; though there will be a heavy damage to the goods on the first and second floors of the building on account of water. The building has also been considerably damaged, though to what extent cannot be determined until later in the day.

Mr. R. R. Stone, who arrived at the fire about 3:30, stated that all damage was probably fully covered by insurance. He could make no estimate as to the amount of damage.

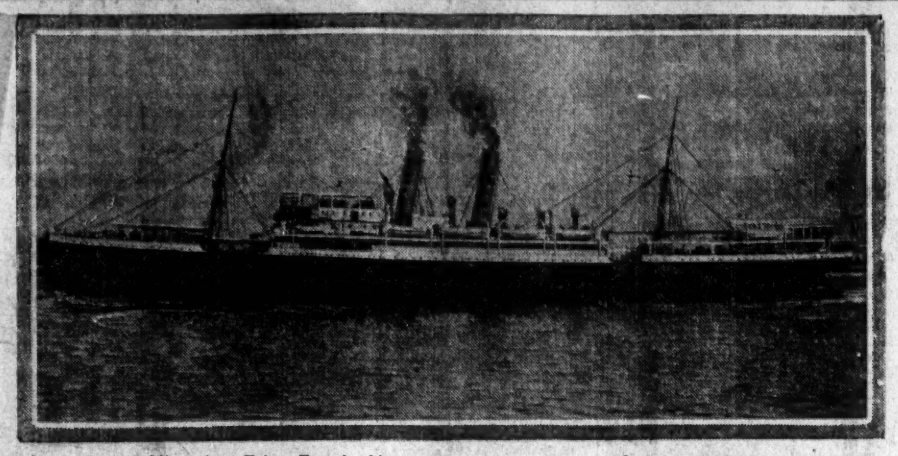
The blaze was discovered at 3:05 o'clock by Patrolman W. R. Applebury, who turned in the alarm from Box 41. The firemen responded promptly, and were on the scene in a few minutes. The fire boat Atlantic also came up the river to the scene of the blaze, and soon a number of streams were playing on the fire.

The blaze originated on the second floor of the building and the cause of its origin is unknown. Mr. Stone, however, thinks rats must have started it.

When the firemen arrived on the scene fire and clouds of heavy smoke were pouring out the roof and from several windows.

Had it been allowed a few minutes more start, the flames would have been beyond control, and would have spread to other buildings, causing a widespead conflagration in all probability.

TIME GIVEN EITEL FOR REPAIRS KEPT SECRET; VESSEL PROBABLY WILL INTERN BUT REPORT DENIED



The North German Lloyd liner, Prinz Eitel Friedrich, which has been a German auxiliary cruiser and has raided British commerce in the seven seas since the war began, put into Newport News the other day bearing more than 300 prisoners, taken from British and French ships.

Tuesday night after dark the German ship appeared off Cape Henry, but did not enter until after daylight, when she passed quarantine and dropped her anchor at Newport News. All her officers preserved the strictest silence, and her captain at once dispatched a message telling of his arrival and the condition of his ship to the German embassy at Washington.

Among the prisoners were the captain of the American ship William P. Frye, who, with his wife and sons, were picked up by the Eitel after the Frye had been sunk.

PRINZ EITEL WILL PROBABLY INTERN

Master of American Ship is Positive She Will.

NOW AT NEWPORT NEWS

German Vessel Will Not Leave American Waters Until European War Is Over—American Master Tells Why Port Chosen

Newport News, Va., March, 12.—"I can say positively that the Prinz Eitel Friedrich never will leave this port until the end of the European war".

This declaration was made tonight to a reprenentative of the Associated Press by Captain H. H. Kiehn, master of the American sailing ship William P. Frye, which the German raider destroyed in the South Atlantic ocean January 28 last.

Captain Kiehn had just concluded his arduous work here since landing on American soil to tell the story of his vessel's fate to the world last Wednesday. He had bade farewell to Commander. Thierichens of the German cruiser, had paid off his crew and was leaving for Washington to reveal the details of his ship's destruction directly to heads of the government. "Why do you make such a positive statement" the American captain was asked.

"That I will not say", he replied, but I know she has come here to stay until the war is over"

Notwithstanding this the commander of the Eithel Friedrich tonight reiterated his statement that it is his purpose to leave American waters as soon as possible.

Why Vessel Sunk

Regarding the reason for the sinking by the German cruiser of the American ship Frye, it was reported tonight that officers of the converted cruiser reached a decision after finding in the Frye's papers a record that the ship with its cargo of wheat was bound for "Queenstown, Falmouth or Plymouth, for orders". Under the British proclamation on contraband, it was pointed out, that foodstuffs were classed as conditional contraband if consigned to a fortified port. Plymouth, England, is a fortified port.

Captain Kiehn also threw additional light tonight on the coming of the Eitel Friedrich to this American port and insisted that the German commander did not choose Newport News hazardly as a port of safety.

"After February 20th", said the captain, "the Germans entirely changed their tactics. Up to that time, whenever, a smoke smudge was sighted, there was a cry of "alarm, alarm". Every man was ordered to the guns and the ships sailed straight for the smoke. After the sinking of the Willerby, there was a change.

"From then on the Friedrich ran from everything. On the last three nights I knew that the officers were getting the wireless from British cruisers. On the last two nights before passing into the Virginia capes the order to the crew was 'everybody to the guns; nobody to sleep.' On the last night two of the British cruisers were within ten miles of us".

"I told them I knew they were going to Newport News where they could find a good ship yard", said Kiehne. "Then they asked me what I considered the best course to follow to escape detention. I told them to hang to the longitude right up and then to strike due west nearly into the coast. That is exactly what they did".

Two of Captain Kiehne's crew refused to accept payment today because of the decision, based on statutory law, they were entitled to wages only until January 28, the day the Frye was sunk. All other members of the crew accepted payment under protest and

(Continued on Page Eight.)

TIME LIMIT GIVEN EITEL IS A SECRET

Government Officials Will Not Give Out Date.

NOR TIME OF SAILING

Should Converted German Cruiser Proceed to Sea at Expiration of Time Allowed for Repairs, It Will Not be Known.

Washington, March 12.—Government officials have decided that the time allowed the German raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich to repair at Newport News shall remain an official secret. Whether or not the vessel is to be interned probably will not be decided until the expiration of this time limit, believed to be at least three weeks.

If the Eitel decides to renew her cruise the United States will keep secret not only the time limit for repairs but the hour of her departure.

The belief prevails in official quarters that the vessel eventually will intern, although the decision of the commander to have the repairs made has puzzled officials here, since if the ship does not put to sea it would be useless to incur this expense.

As for the questions raised by the sinking of the American ship Frye, State Department officials did nothing today beyond further considering facts already presented. Until the investigation is completed no diplomatic action will be taken. It is generally understood that unless Germany makes voluntary reparation a protest will be lodged with a request for damages.

Will Make Reparation.

The German embassy, through its naval attache, Captain Boy-Ed, has investigated circumstances surrounding the sinking of the Frye and is in communication with Berlin concerning this question as well as a decision on the internment of the Prinz Eitel. A decision on these questions is not expected for several days but the prevailing opinion among German officials here is that the case will not present any complications. The belief exists in many quarters that the usual reparation in such cases will be made by Germany and the incident closed.

The voluntary release of the captives aboard the Prinz Eitel disposed of the only phase of neutrality which had arisen in connection with the vessel's arrival at Newport News.

SHOOTING AFFRAY AT PAGELAND IS FATAL.

One Dead and Five Badly Wounded as Result of Law Suit.

Pageland, S. C., March 12.—One man was killed and five others wounded, two probably fatally, in a shooting affray in the principal street of this place late today. The shooting occurred immediately after the trial before a magistrate of Arthur West for alleged violations of labor contract. The case was thrown out of court and the interested factions, it is said, clashed in front of the magistrate's office. More than 50 shots were fired. J. W. Arant was killed and his brother, J. M. Arant, probably fatally wounded. J. D. Wallace was shot through the body and later was removed to a hospital at Charlotte. Arthur West was shot several times, his brother, Sheppard West, and John Robertson also receiving serious injuries. The trouble is said to have arisen from an alleged breach of contract on the part of Arthur West, who, it was charged, had unlawfully left the employ of a sister of the Arant brothers to work for J. D. Wallace. The sheriff of Chesterfield county arrived here tonight, but no arrests have yet been made.

Registration now going on—charter election.

GRAPHIC STORY OF PRINZ EITEL'S RUN

Captain of German Cruiser at Last Breaks Silence.

SAYS WILL NOT INTERN

German Commander Declares That He Will Proceed on Cruise as Soon as Necessary Repairs Are Made to His Vessel.

Newport News, Va., March 12.—Captain Max Thierichens, commander of the German converted cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, merchant raider for the Fatherland in the Atlantic and Pacific oceans and destroyer of an American ship, today broke his seal of silence for the first time since he reached anchorage in an American port.

The German commander, who brought his ship and prize crews to this port last Wednesday, said he had been too busy to talk for publication until now, but he consented to say a few words.

"I was never interviewed," said the captain smilingly as he sat in his cabin on the Friedrich in dry dock. "Does it hurt much?"

The commander was asked if his historic raid of the seas was over.

"Fest weiter," he exclaimed in German, meaning as he explained, "We haven't given it up by a long way." The officer emphasized his statement with a slam of his fist on the coffee table and continued:

"We had luck and we shall have more, I hope."

Captured Cargo of Coal.

"As you know," Commander Thierichens continued, "we cruised for days without seeing a thing off Chile. Our coal was almost gone. We were really in a bad way. Then one day we sighted a sailing ship flying no flag. A squad went aboard and demanded that she show her colors. She admitted that she was the French ship Jean."

"When we read the signal 'wig-wagged' back by our boarding crew it was as if a ronst pigeon were to fly into the mouth of a starving man. 'French ship Jean', came the message, 'loaded with best Cardiff coal.'

"But that wasn't all. There was a heavy sea running and we did not dare come alongside without risking smashing both hulls. So I gave orders that we sail her to the nearest place—I found an ideal spot called Easter Island on an atlas. Our crew took her over but later I offered the French a chance to sail their own ship under our orders with pay and they accepted.

"But this was too slow for us, so we put back a chain and towed her. When we were underway again we sighted another ship. We made her out as the English boat Kildalton and took after her with our tow-line jerking along behind. We soon finished her and then proceeded till we reached Easter Island with our prize. We landed and when we found there was no particular danger we rested and quietly coaled. It was like feeding a hungry man."

The captain explained that before he landed the crews of the Jean and the Kildalton he ascertained that an Englishman's yacht was in the harbor and that word could easily be taken for their relief.

Felt Need of Water.

Next to coal the greatest need the Eitel felt in her long journey, the commander said, was water. Not only for drinking, he explained, but for washing. Because of the water shortage, he said:

"The Eitel anchored in the rain belt, near Pernambuco and spreal all sail—not perpendicularly, but flat—and waited, and 48 hours the rains descended and the tanks were filled."

The washing problem, he said, was followed by soap famine and in this emergency luck again favored them, when, the French ship Floride appeared with a cargo of toilet preparations.

"We were out of the track of liners,"

(Continued on Page Eight)

ZAPATA SOLDIERS MURDER AMERICAN AT MEXICO CITY WHILE UNDER "OLD GLORY"

With Stars and Stripes Flying Over His Home, John B. McManus Shot Dead.

U. S. SEAL WAS ON DOOR

Soldiers Sought Revenge for Death of Comrades Who Attempted to Loot.

Mexican Capital Reported in Good Order.

Washington, March 12.—Encouraging advices telling of the relief of the food famine in Mexico City through the evacuation of the capital by the forces of General Obregon, the Carranza commander, were beclouded today by the news that on the entry of the Zapata troops, John B. McManus, an American citizen, was murdered—shot down in his home, the door of which had been sealed with the coat of arms of the United States and over which flew the Stars and Stripes.

Instant demand was made by the Brazilian minister on behalf of the United States government for the punishment of those guilty of the crime. After a conference between President Wilson and his cabinet, Secretary Bryan telegraphed the Brazilian minister, approving of the action he had taken and added a demand for reparation for the victim's family. The minister was instructed to insist on the early punishment of the offenders and to impress on the post commander at Mexico City—General Salazar, the seriousness with which the American government viewed the occurrence.

The general—who is not the same Salazar nor a relative of the independent chief—promised that the demands of the United States would be promptly met.

The occupation of the city by the Zapata forces which was hailed with enthusiasm by the people, was marred by three cases of looting. Official reports said no disorders occurred and the city was quiet when the last dispatch, dated 4 P. M., yesterday was filed.

The Brazilian minister reported in several dispatches on the murder. The motive for the crime, he explained, undoubtedly was one of revenge for the killing of two Zapata soldiers by McManus. The minister said that when the Zapatistas withdrew several weeks ago after the departure of General Gutierrez, some of them attempted to loot the home of McManus. The latter stood on his door step and although it was never definitely established who fired the first shot, when the attackers fled because of the arrival of Carranza forces, two were left dead.

Apprehensive of what might be his fate on the return of the Zapata forces, McManus induced the Brazilian minister to seal his door with the coat of arms of the United States and hoisted an American flag over his home. Apparently, the minister reported, McManus was killed by a simultaneous volley. The American had seen this before and sent his family to the home of friends, and no one, so far as is known, witnessed the shooting.

The killing of McManus, coming after the serious developments of the last week, has increased apprehension here for the safety of foreigners.

Several of the embassies and legations received word of the occupation of the city by the Zapatistas. Unofficial reports that 2,000 Mexicans had tried to release priests imprisoned by Obregon and that a general riot resulted were not confirmed.

General Obregon's troops, according to official dispatches, left in good order. In view of this the American government, it was said, probably would make no representations to the Carranza government. At first it was supposed that the killing of McManus occurred through a lack of protection to foreigners by the departing force.

Secretary Bryan is preparing to insist that the railway between Mexico City and Vera Cruz be kept open for the transportation of foreigners. The belief is, however, that representations for the maintenance of this railway communication may prove unnecessary if the Zapata-Villa forces repair the lines northward to the American border.

The murder of McManus overshadowed all other diplomatic phases of the Mexican situation. However, high officials regarded the incident as an isolated case arising out of personal difficulties between McManus and the Zapatistas, and not due to any general antipathy toward foreigners or intended attack on them as a whole. Confidence prevailed that the Zapata troops would maintain good order. The following summary of conditions in the capital was issued by the State Department:

"The Department is advised that the Zapatistas occupied the city of Mexico at 9 A. M., March 11th, in perfect order and amidst popular enthusiasm represented by all classes. The authorities who have just assumed control of affairs in the city have promised that everything in their power will be done toward bringing in the much needed supplies to relieve the people. The Zapata chiefs have expressed their appreciation of the efforts made by the diplomatic corps, to help the city. They also have promised to do everything possible to maintain order and give protection to foreigners and nationals.

"It was stated in these advices that the international relief committee would meet on the 11th and that the Zapatas would send a representative to discuss the details of the plan to obtain transportation facilities. At 4 P. M., March 11th, the city was still quiet and more Zapatista forces were coming in."

WIFE OF GREAT OIL MAGNATE IS DEAD

Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Sr., Passes Into Beyond.

HUSBAND AND SON AWAY

Death Occured at Home in Country Near Tarrytown New York—Both Husband and Son Were in Florida at Time

New York, March, 12.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller died at 10:20 o'clock this forenoon at the Rockefeller country home at Pocantico hills just outside of Tarrytown. Her death was not expected, although she had been ill for some time.

Her husband and her son were at Ormond, Florida, and were advised early today that her condition was worse. Mr. Rockefeller and his son immediately engaged a special train which left Jacksonville this morning and is due here some time tomorrow.

Mrs. E. Parmalee Prentice, Mrs. Rockefeller's daughter, and Mrs. Rockefeller's sister, Miss Lucy Spellman were with her when she died.

Life of Mrs. Rockefeller

Laura Celestia Spelman Rockefeller was born in Wadsworth, Ohio, of well-to-do New England parents, on September 9, 1839. She was her husband's junior by two months. As a child she lived in Wadsworth, in Burlington, Ia., in Akron, O., where her father, Harvey B. Spelman, achieved a competence in the drygoods business, and later in Cleveland. In the grammar school at Cleveland she met John Rockefeller when they were fifteen years old.

Rockefeller was a country boy. She was the daughter of one of Cleveland's leading citizens. His home was a little farm house; hers one of Cleveland's handsomest residences. His associates, outside of school, were mostly farm hands and country boys; hers were talented folk of affairs drawn to her father's handsome home, for her father then was a member of the Ohio legislature, a public-spirited citizen interested in philanthropies and a man of many activities. Notwithstanding other differences, the awkward youth and the city girl had in common a love of study and simple tastes, and they became fast friends.

Laura Spelman's school mates knew her as quiet, studious girl who would rather read a good book than go to the theatre; as a devote church goer and as a girl who was always well dressed in good taste, avoiding extremes and seeking simplicity. She was intensely practical and homeloving. At high school she caused some surprise by taking not only the prescribed course but bookkeeping and other commercial studies little pursued by young women in those days.

There seems to have been little sentimentality in the friendship between Miss Spelman and young Rockefeller,

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CARTER'S ATTORNEYS GIVEN WOMEN'S NAMES

Instances of "Unjudicial Temperament" Also Furnished

Understood to be Nothing More Incriminating Than That Judge Was Seen Out for Walk With Women.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 12.—Judge J. S. Manning, chief counsel for Judge Frank Carter in the Carter-Abernethy affair, said this afternoon that they received from the legislative investigating committee today a statement of evidence as to Judge Carter that the committee has gotten from the accusers of the Asheville jurist at this stage of the proceedings.

He would not go into details except to say that the evidence is no more specific than that published in the midst of the legislative proceeding, except that the names of the women with whom the judge is accused of having been too intimate are given and there are some court cases mentioned as indicating an "unjudicial temperament."

Judge Manning would not detail any of the features of the evidence received from the legislative committee. From other sources there were assertions, based on asserted knowledge of the evidence submitted, that in imparting the names of the women in the case there is nothing given more incriminating than the woman and the judge having been seen together in public, out for a walk and the like.

The committee is under obligation to supply counsel for Judge Carter with any additional accusation and evidence that the prosecution may submit between now and the hearing which opens here March 22nd.

AMERICAN PORTS CLOSELY GUARDED

Precautions Taken to Prevent Violation of Neutrality.

BOSTON AND NEW YORK

Washington Officials Deny Any Knowledge of Wholesale Slipping Away of Interned German Steamers—Precautions.

Washington, March 12.—Secretary Daniels late today announced that the armored cruiser Brooklyn, receiving ship at the Boston navy yard, had been ordered to patrol the harbor there to guard against neutrality violations.

Although officials here continue to deny that any evidence had been discovered to bear out stories of a plot to turn German steamers, laid up at American ports, into warships and rush them to sea, developments of the past three days have demonstrated the government's determination to take extraordinary precautions against any neutrality violation.

Four warships and a coast guard cutter now have been detailed for patrol duty in Boston and New York harbors.

Assistant Secretary Peters, of the Treasury, was an early White House caller today and had a long talk with President Wilson. He is in direct charge of customs matters and the preservation of neutrality by foreign ships in American ports is under his charge. A few hours later he left for New York. Mr. Peters said his trip had nothing to do with neutrality but it became known tonight that he was expected to confer in New York with officials of both the New York and Boston custom houses. In the harbor of these two cities are some of the finest of the merchant fleet that kept the German flag flowing in the North Atlantic lanes before the war.

Whether additional ships will be sent either to New York or Boston was not disclosed tonight.

Shortly after the outbreak of the war Collector Malone, at New York, formed a neutrality squad of customs officers which has kept close watch on all interned ships as well as all those outbound. Precautions of the same sort have been taken also at Boston.

VESSELS INTERNED AT BOSTON.

Three of the Largest Interned German Vessels Are in That Port.

Boston, March 12.—The cruiser Brooklyn will take up her position in President's Roads tomorrow to preserve neutrality of this harbor.

Six German steamers are tied up here, including the passenger steamers Kronprinz Essin Cecelie, Amerika and Cincinnati. So far as known none of them has made preparations to sail.

CAPTAIN CARDEN IN CONFERENCE

Commanders of Naval Vessels in New York Harbor and Malone Confer

New York, March, 12.—A conference on the general neutrality situation at the port of New York was held today in the office of Collector of the port Malone, at which were present besides Mr. Malone, Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, commandant of the Brooklyn navy yard; Captain Earl, commander of the gunboat Dolphin and Captain Carden, commander of the cutter Mohawk of the United States coast guard. The Dolphin arrived at Tompkinsville today and joined the Mohawk in guarding the neutrality of this port.

Rear Admiral Usher said that the Drayton and the McDougal, two of the fastest torpedo boats in the navy, now on their way here from Guantanamo, Cuba, are due to arrive in two days.

Collector Malone said the conference was to discuss the necessary methods of co-operation and the positions to be taken by the different ships for the purpose of enforcing the neutrality of the port.

ONE MILLION MEN ENGAGED I NFIGHT IN NORTH POLAND

(Continued from Page One.)

amounting in all to about 300 feet in three different places.

These positions were abandoned it was said, because during the long struggles the trenches were destroyed by shell fire and rendered useless. The three places are north of LeMesnil, north of Beausejour and northeast of Beausejour.

During fighting from February 17 to date, it was said that on all the other parts of the front where the French have atempted to break through, the line remains in the possesion of the Germans, who have gained ground at several places.

CLAIM CAPTURE OF FORT

French Statement Says German Fort Near Trenches Has Been Taken

Paris, March, 12.—via London, Mar, 13.—The war office tonight made the following official communication:

"To the east of Lomkabaertzyde (Belgium) we have eaken a German fort about 100 metres in fgront of our line of trenches.

"Three kilometres (1. 86 miles) east of Armentieres France, 9 miles northwest of Lille, the British troops have occupied the village of Epinette. In the sector of Neuve Chapelle, the progress of the British army has been followed up. After repulsing two strong counter-attacks this army took possession of that part of the German line between the hamlet of Pietre and the mill of the same name and captured about 400 prisoners, including five officers.

"In Champagne Thursday evening we carried, in front of the ridge northeast of Mesnil several enemy trenches and took some prisoners, including officers.

"On Friday we made some slight progress in the same region.

"Farther west, parallel with the Tahure road (northeast of Souain) we have occupied several German trenches.

"On the heights of the Meuse parts of a trench in which the Germans has succeeded in gaining a footing yesterday evening were captured by us this morning.

"At Reich Ackerkopf, we repulsed night attacks and advanced 200 meters (about 600 feet).

AUSTRIANS HOLD GROUND

Vienna Report Says That Position Recently Taken Are Strengthened

Vienna via London, March 12.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"The position of our troops newly won in Russian Poland, and western Galicia have been strengthened. The enemy's attacks are no longer repeated.

"Near Inowlodz, (on the Pilicia east of Tomaszow in Poland), our artillery yesterday silenced several hostile batteries.

"In the Carpathians, after a bitter fight, we captured a place on the road between Cisna and Baligrod, and the adjacent heights were cleared of the enemy during a heavy snowstorm.

"In the western neighboring sector a strong hostile attack failed. On the remainder of the front in the Carpathians, as well as in Southeast Galicia, no particular events occurred owing to the heavy snowstorm which lasted all day.

"North of Czernowitz (Bukowina) the situation is quiet.

"In the southern war threatre nothing has occurred for a considerable time.

"Unimportant skirmishes have taken place at some points on the Montenegrin frontier"

BATTLES ON ICE.

Russians and Austrians Fight Desperately Across Frozen Grounds.

Berlin, March 12, via London—Correspondents with the Austrian army headquarters says battles between the Russians and Austrians are raging in the Carpathians under weather conditions which hitherto had been regarded prohibitory. The mercury is reported to have dropped to 13 degrees below freezing point and there have been icy snow storms.

The Russians continue, nevertheless, the correspondents say, to send troops in close formation into battle. Although suffering enormous losses the Russians are said to be trying to recover their lost positions without regard for lives sacrificed. The struggle is described as a battle on ice.

FRENCH GENERAL WOUNDED

Was Examining German Trench Not Far Away When Struck by Bullet

Paris, March 12.—An official statement issued by the war office says:

"In the course of an inspection of an enemy first line trench 30 metres (about 90 feet) away General Michael-Joseph Maunoury commander of one of our armies, and General de Villaret, commander of one of the corps of his army, were wounded by bullets. They were examining the German line through an embrasure.

The doctors have not yet given an opion of the gravity of their wounds".

General Maunowry, former military governor of Paris was in command of the Allies' center last September and is reported to have commanded the French in the battle at Soissons in January.

The army list shows two generals De Villaret—E. G. T. De Villaret and A. M. A. De Villaret.

See that you register for new charter. Books open at polling places.

THAW CASE STILL IN HANDS OF JURY

Locked Up by Order of Judge Soon After Midnight.

RECESS THEN IS TAKEN

Court Will Reconvene at Ten o'Clock This Morning, to Receive Report From Jury—Asked Further Instructions.

New York, March 12. — After having deliberated for more than four hours, the jury in the case of Harry Kendall Thaw and four co-defendants, on trial charged with conspiracy, had failed late tonight to reach a verdict. At 11:12 o'clock the jury was ordered locked up for the night, and a recess of court was declared until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The jurors, it was apparent from questions asked when its foreman came in for instructions, seemed to be divided on the question as to what Thaw's legal status was at the time of his escape, and what part his belief that he had a right to flee, should play in the determination of a verdict.

The case went to the jury late today, after completion of the cross-examination of Thaw and the delivery of closing addresses to the jury by attorneys for all the interests concerned. In his charge to the jury, the presiding justice said that the question of Thaw's sanity should enter into the case only insofar as he might be shown to have a mental capacity to enter into a criminal act, and intended to do so.

To Jury at Five o'Clock.

The case went to the jury at 5:29 P. M. The jury went to dinner at 6:50 o'clock. Indications then were that no report from the jury could be expected before 9 P. M., at the earliest.

At 9:30, the foreman sent out word that the jury desired to ask a few questions of the court.

Thaw was brought to the court room, and a few newspaper men were admitted. The jury wanted to hear that part of the charge which related to Thaw's intentions at the time he escaped, and also the part that had to do with Justice Dowling's commitment, and what bearing the commitment had upon Thaw's status at the time he was fleeing out of the state. These parts of the charge were read. Upon the request of Attorney General Cook, Justice Page then modified slightly a charge he had made during the afternoon, instructing the jury to acquit Thaw, if they found that he had an honest misconception of his rights at the time of his escape. This charge was so modified as to read that the jury was to take such a misconception, if it existed, into consideration as bearing on the question of intent.

The jury then again retired to its room.

An hour after the jury retired, no word had come from the jury room. Meanwhile, Thaw sat in the sheriff's office, talking with his mother, his sister, Mrs. George L. Carnegie, and his half brother, Josiah Thaw.

HOW WAR AFFECTS GERMAN MISSIONS

One of the Boards Had to Dismiss 275 Indian Agents.

PUT 150 ON HALF PAY

Southern Baptist Work Among Students in China—Opium Decreasing in China but Increasing in America.

(Southern Missionary News Bureau.)

The Makhzan I Masihi, published in Fatehpur, India, says:

German missionaries and their work are feeling the effects of the war. The Schleswig Holstein Mission working in Madras presidency has had to dismiss 275 Indian agents, put 15 on half pay and send home 78 studying in the theological seminary.

The Leipzig Lutheran Mission has 58 on its Indian educational staff alone. Having no money in reserve and no immediate hope of communication with the home base the position is critical.

The Basel Mission and the Gossner Mission, as well as others, are also in serious difficulty. The bishop of Ghota Nagpur has suggested that English and American missionaries subscribe Rs. 10 each mensem (about $3.33 gold) while the need lasts in order to keep the German missions going. We may well enlist the help of English and Indian missionary friends in behalf of the brethren who in the midst of much discouragement are bravely going on with their work for the uplifting of India. There are many Germans in the United States who would doubtless be willing to give to this object.

We can scarcely think of any section of the world's people in a more difficult and delicate position and all so unmerited. They are simply because of nationality under suspicion in India.

The following mission action is reported by the Rev. W. E. Smith, of Fatehpur:

"Resolved, That the mission (the Pun-jab mission of the Presbyterian church) has heard with great sympathy of the suffering which has come to our German fellow missionaries in India. We request our secretary to correspond with our mission council and the national missionary council with a view to give expression to our sympathy by rendering help in this time of need."

Many German missionaries are being entertained in their homes by missionaries of other nationalities, but that does not care for the work. The problem is much larger than the missionary community can handle. I am trying to enlist the sympathy of the English officials of Fatehpur, but we need the help of America in this matter and we are confident that the splendid work being done by the German missionaries will not be allowed to suffer too severely.

Work for Students in Kaifeng.

There is a great awakening throughout China among the student classes. Last year, under the leadership of Dr. John R. Mott and Mr. Sherwood Eddy, great mass meetings for students were held in 14 of the leading centers in China. The results of these mass meetings and the careful follow-up work by the organized Christian force in these various cities have been very great indeed. More than 7,000 students signed cards expressing a desire to inquire into Christianity more particularly. Of this number nearly 4,000 actually entered Bible classes under specially trained leaders, and from these Bible classes more than 1,200 have become directly connected with the various evangelical churches either as members or probationers. A similar work was carried on again this autumn under the leadership of Mr. Eddy. The final results of these meetings are not yet in, but the numbers attending the mass meetings and enrolling for Bible classes is very large.

Kaifeng has not yet come within the sweep of the larger movements, but even here there is a stirring among the tops of the mulberry trees. Ever since the coming of Prof. H. L. Hargrove to teach in one of the government schools at Kaifend the number of students attending our Sunday morning service has been increasing. The student attendance was getting so large that we were about to crowd out our church members and inquirers. It was decided to try a special student meeting. We had our first student meeting last Sunday morning at 9:30 We were delighted with the response. There were more than a hundred students present at this first meeting. After a song service and a short address the meeting was divided up into Bible classes, after the method of the Sunday school. The students were emptied out before 11 o'clock, and at 11 the chapel was full again for our regular Sunday morning worship.

Special preparation is being made for a special campaign among students in Kaifend next spring similar to the Eddy meetings in other cities. Already a normal class of more than 30 Christians is training to lead student Bible classes at the close of these special meetings. We covet the prayers of our friends on behalf of the five or six thousand students of this great city.—Missionary W. Eugene Sallee, Southern Baptist Convention.

A Thrilling Fact.

Dr. P. F. Price calls attention in the Survey to the startling fact that, while opium is on the decrease in a heathen country like China, it is on the increase in a Christian country like America. He says:

"It is one of the strange things that while opium is on the decrease in a heathen country like China, it is, if the figures given are true, on the increase in a Christian country like the United States. Not long ago there was a celebration in Chekiang province of the utter eradication of opium throughout that province. There is no opium grown or sold now in Chekiang, and practically all that is used comes from Shanghai, where it is sold under pressure from the foreign governments.

"We have seen hundreds of Chinese who were impelled only by the principles of confucianism and by public opinion in a heathen country fighting down and overcoming the opium habit, and yet we have heard of professedly Christian people in our own Christian nation who are giving themselves up to this vice. I received not long ago a letter from a friend in one of our Southern States on whose heart lay this burden, that two of her best friends were, secretly of course, slaves of the opium habit. If we can not be impelled by a higher motive, surely the example of China and of multitudes of the Chinese people, would move us for very shame to arouse ourselves from our lethargy, and by the strength of God eradicate this insidious and indefinable blot upon our civilization.

Y. M. C. A. and the War.

The Young Men's Christian Association is proving a mighty power for good among the armies of Europe. It is the testimony of the "British Weekly" that no institution in the British empire has gained so much in public esteem during the course of the war as the Y. M. C. A.. Before the war it was thought in England that the association was conducted on a somewhat narrow basis, and that its membership was limited to men of certain religious views. "But," says the "Weekly," "it is not too much to say that the management of the Y. M. C. A. during the war has shown the most brilliant qualities of statesmanship. Everywhere its work is in evidence. Everywhere it is efficient. Everywhere it commands the highest praise. It is extending every day."

Protestant Missions in Japan.

The Rev. H. Loomis gives the statistics of Protestant missions in Japan for 1913 as follows, the figures for 1912 being in parentheses: Adult baptisms 6,848 (6,089); communicants, 80,383, (73,226); church members 98,325, (90,469); organized churches, 853, (831); self-supporting churches, 182, (186); partly self-supporting churches 675, (645); preaching places 1,256, (1,280); ordained Japanese ministers and helpers, 732, (652); Sunday school scholars and teachers, 108,495, (106,580); amount of Japanese contributions (in yen), 374,538, (316,693). The increase in adult baptisms and communicants is remarkable.

From Many Lands

According to Dr. John R. Mott, more than 200,000 members of the Young Men's Christian Association are serving in the various armies of Europe.

India has 242,000 square miles of forests under more scientific management than we have in this country. Her splendid system of irrigation leads the world, with 42,000 miles of irrigating canals, which have redeemed more than 20,000,000 acres of waste land.

The Southern Baptist churches have had in the last few years a most gratifying and substantial missionary growth. In 1905 the board had in the field 181 missionaries, 269 native workers and a native membership of 11,423. the board's receipts increased from In 1914 the figures were; Missionaries, 278; native workers, 635; members, 29,991; baptisms, 5,252. In the same period the board's receipts increades from $283,415 to $587,458.

NEGRO WOMAN AND CHILD KILLED AND HOME BURNED

While Two Men, Occupants of House, May Die of Wounds

Henderson, N. C., March, 12.—Two negroes, a woman and a child, were killed and two others probably fatally injured early today in a battle with unidentified persons who set fire to their home and then fired into the blazing house. The dead are the wife of Joe Perry and her infant child. The wounded are Joe Perry and his brother, John.

According to the meager story in the report to Sheriff Royster here, Perry's house was fired shortly before dawn. The occupants were wounded by several shots. Perry and his brother seized rifles and returned the fire. Both were so seriously wounded that they could not rescue the bodies of the woman and child, who were burning house.

Sheriff Royster and a posse of several deputies left for the scene. The wounded negroes were brought here.

Y. M. C. A. LEAGUE CLOSES BAXTER'S TEAM THE WINNER

Two Fast and Exciting Games of Basketball Pulled Off Last Night.

Last night the Y. M. C. A. Gym saw the closing games in the Y. M. C. A. Commercial Basketball League, when Jacobi met and defeated the National Woolen Mills team by a 28 to 21 score and Elvington & Mintz won from Baxter's by 24 to 16.

The first game was between the Hardware Men and the Millers and went to the former. It was the fastest and cleanest game of the evening and was won by fast good pass work, by the Hardware Men. Jacobi won their points all two at a time, that is, every point made was scored by a field goal. Hines at center threw five goals and Seitters who opposed him, tossed the ball into the basket four times. Applewhite threw three; Shepard two, Farmer three, and K. Davis one, while the scores for the Millers were made by Justice, three field goals; LeGwin three field goals and one foul goal, and Seitters four field goals.

The second game was between the Medicine Men and the league leaders and winners, the Baxter team. This was the game of the evening. Much spirit was shown at all stages. There was some very pretty work by the Elvington forwards in getting possession of the ball from the center after he tipped the ball at the jump off, and passing so that it resulted in goals thrown many times. The scores for the winners were made as follows H. Hines caged the inflated sphere six times from the field and twice from the foul line, thus adding up 14 points for his team; Seitters at forward scored three field goals, and Solomon at guard dropped the ball for two field goals. For the losers Farrar scored three field goals and two foul goals, while McIntyre threw three goals and Walker one.

Last night's games ended the second annual Y. M. C. A. Commercial League series with Baxter's team in the lead. Attention will now be put upon indoor baseball and later outdoor baseball. The standing of the teams is as follows:

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baxter's	11	3	.786
Jacobi	9	5	.643
National Woolen Mills	4	10	.286
Elvington & Mintz	4	10	.286

SOCIAL

C. E. SOCIAL LAST NIGHT WAS A MOST ENJOYABLE AFFAIR

The members of the Christian Endeavor Society of the First Presbyterian Church and their friends enjoyed a unique social at the church last evening in the nature of a birthday party, every person attending contributing a penny for each year of his or her age.

A delightful musical programme was carried out, including numbers by a quartette composed of Misses Bowden and Willson and Messrs. Christie and Smith; a soprano solo by Miss Mary Owen Green; a piano solo by Miss Evelyn Martin; a soprano solo by Mrs. Marshall French; a duet by Miss Mary Green and Miss Bessie Barnwell; and a bass solo by Mr. J. F. Harris, Jr. Miss Mae Willson was the accompanist for the vocal numbers.

A clever little farce entitled "answering the Telephone," also served to entertain the gathering. Miss Katie Lee Merriman, Miss Mary H. Hall and Miss Elizabeth M. Thames handled their roles most capably.

Various games and delightful refreshments were enjoyed after the programme had been carried out, and all present voted the occasion one of unalloyed enjoyment.

AWAIT ITALY'S DECISION

Will She Accept Offer of Austrian Territory to Maintain Neutrality

London, March 12.—Authoritative reports reaching the Hague from Berlin seem to indicate that Germany with a view to securing Italy's neutrality has induced Austria despite vigorous opposition by Emperor Franscis-Joseph to agree to make territorial concession to Italy in the event that Germany and Austria are victorious in the war.

It is understood, however, that although Italy has taken this tentative offer under consideration no definite agreement has as yet been reached. Italy's decision is awaited with anxious concern in all circles here.

Some Facts About Potash

POTASH is higher than last year because of scarcity brought about by war in Europe and recent decree by Germany entirely prohibiting further exports, but the increased cost, if proportioned to the amount of fertilizers used per acre, is a small item.

For Potash in mixed goods, our charge at this time is at the rate of $1.50 per unit potash (present market price $2.50 to $3.00 per unit):—in comparison with $1.00 per unit last season. A difference of only 50c. per unit. This increased cost, per acre of land, is insignificant, as you will see by the following:—

2% POTASH GOODS—Increase 50c. per Ton for Potash

200 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 5 c. more than last year.
300 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 7½c. more than last year.
400 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 10 c. more than last year.
500 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 12½c. more than last year.

3% POTASH GOODS—Increase $1.00 per Ton for Potash

200 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 10c. more than last year.
300 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 15c. more than last year.
400 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 20c. more than last year.
500 lbs. Fertilizer per acre.....Cost of potash 25c. more than last year.

This is a very small increase in charge for Potash when you consider that Muriate of Potash is now selling at about $125.00 to $150.00 per ton (equivalent to $2.50 to $3.00 per unit of Potash) at ports, for cash in large quantities, whereas our present charge of $1.50 per unit is for goods delivered, time payment.

Our price per unit of Ammonia delivered is $3.25 against $3.50 last year. A reduction of 25c. per unit, although Cotton Seed Meal is now selling approximately at the rate of $3.40 to $3.50 per unit of Ammonia. Our charge per unit for Available Phosphoric Acid is the same as last year,—60c. per unit.

If you want Fertilizers containing Potash, write or apply to our nearest Sales Office.

V-C SALES OFFICES
Durham, N. C.
Winston-Salem, N. C.
Charleston, S. C.
Columbia, S. C.
Richmond, Va.
Norfolk, Va.

VIRGINIA CAROLINA V-C Fertilizers CHEMICAL CO. BEST IN THE WORLD

V-C SALES OFFICES
Atlanta, Ga.
Savannah, Ga.
Columbus, Ga.
Memphis, Tenn.
Montgomery, Ala.
Shreveport, La.

Ordinarily you would not risk growing your Crop without Potash. Why do so this year when the cost per acre is so little more than in previous years? Can you afford to take such a chance?

DO IT NOW!

JOIN THE CLEAN-UP AND PAINT-UP CAMPAIGN!
MARCH 15th to APRIL 1st.

You Can Help! We will Help You. Benj. Moore & Co.'s Pure House Colors, the Best for Your House. Don't Forget Garbage Cans, Ash Cans, Yard and Lawn Rakes, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Sprinklers.

SPECIAL PRICES ON THESE ITEMS, TO HELP THE MOVEMENT.

EVERYONE SHOULD DO THEIR DUTY!

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.
10—12 SOUTH FRONT ST.

Every Little Helps

To keep our force on the pay roll This money is spent here. We solicit your patronage on

MACHINE WORK, GEARS, ENGINES and BOILERS, IRON and BRASS CASTINGS.

—WORK GUARANTEED—

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS
FOOT OF CHURCH ST. 'PHONE 213.

Notice to Kerosene Engine Owners

We have a limited quantity of discolored 150 deg. Oil we offer you at a Bargain.

Pay you to Ask for Prices.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

HIGH GRADE MACHINES
Day and Night Service.
'PHONE: 345
Rates .....$2.50 Per Hour

Packard Auto Rent Co.
B. B. CAMERON, Manager.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! MAKES YOU SICK AND SALIVATES

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Is Harmless To Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels.

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad, stomach sour, just try a spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone tonight and see how much better you feel. Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

Star Business Locals Get Results

Rulers of Greece and Former Premier Fighting Over War

M. VENIZELOS.

QUEEN SOPHIE of GREECE.

KING CONSTANTINE of GREECE.

The Greeks are now engaged in a bitter political contest to decide if they will enter the war against Turkey or remain neutral, and the fight has come down to a trial of strength between King Constantine and the Queen on one side and former Premier Venizelos on the other.

The King was raised in the German army and he has for years been a partisan of Germany. The Queen is a sister of Kaiser Wilhelm, and of course, her sympathies are with Germany. It is said that this position has made them unpopular. Venizelos, on the other hand, is the strongest man in the country, and is believed to be the most popular leader there. He believes like most Greeks, that when Turkey is finally driven from Europe by the Allies, Russia will fall heir to all her possessions, unless they get in on the war before the division of spoils.

THEATRICAL

"Had a continental dramatic written 'Seven Keys to Baldpate'," says J. Bernard Rethy in The International, "we would have had no end of lengthy discussions about its merits and defects. But because it is the work of George M. Cohan, the former star performer of vaudeville, this very remarkable comedy has been criticised with a certain air of condescension and with that peculiar tone of superciliousness that is so characteristic of the 'cultured' man.

"There are passages in this play that any dramatist might have been proud to have written. Here is savage satire, stinging and truthful. There is one scene in particular that is truly remarkable. Five men and a woman are seated in the sitting room of a deserted summer hotel. Outside a winter storm is madly blowing. In a big game for money and power these people have lost everything. Deeming all to be gone, and seeing no hope for themselves in this world, they bare their naked souls to each other with shameless courage. Each speaks for himself—bitterly, and with terrible earnestness. There is now no attempt to conceal anything, no beating about the bush, no timid delicacy. Only that natural baseness which seems so much a part of every human being, asserts itself in this crisis sharply and with startling clarity. If for nothing else but for this scene, posterity will remember George M. Cohan.

"A witty man recently asked in a tone of raillery: 'Why not write the history of the drama from Shakespeare to George M. Cohan?'

"Yes—why not?"

Great Week-End at the Bijou.

Today is destined to be another great week-end for the home of "The Incomparable Movies", the always popular Bijou. The crowds came yesterday, and they were conquered—by the thrilling new Pathe serial, "The Exploits of Elaine," featuring popular Pearl White. It is destined to be the most thrilling serial that Pathe has ever projected, and will grow in intense interest with every succeeding episode. Next Friday's chapter, "The Twilight Sleep" should prove especially interesting.

But today's bill is headed by a mammoth special Mutual feature, "Vengeance is Mine", a two reel intense drama, starring Billie West, Florence Crawford and William Lawrence in the leading roles. It deals with a villain who won the affections of a girl and celebrated a mock marriage, and the vengeance that was later visited upon him for his perfidy and treachery to the girl. It is a thriller all the way through, without a single let-up in the intense and compelling plot from start to finish.

"Trapped by a Heliograph" is another notable number on the bill, also a Mutual drama, wherein that useful signal device proves its true value in a startling way. It should prove especially timely and interesting, and features in the leading roles Jessie Gill, Wm. Morse and H. B. Schlosser.

Then there is another one of those mammoth Keystone full reel comedy numbers, "Her Winning Punch," that will bring a laugh to every flash.

Monday Grace Cunard and Francis Ford come in "The Curse of the Desert," and this will be followed all next week by some of the biggest features ever shown. Don't fail to look up the full programme in tomorrow's paper.

At the New Grand.

With a rousing week-end show the New Grand will bring to a close one of the finest weeks in its history. Today's show will not be an exception to the rule and will gloriously climax the week, offering to the people a wonderful show. First of all on today's bill there is a mammoth 3-reel feature, "The Regenerating Love." It is one of the most remarkable stories of love ever depicted on a screen, and is a film that is in great demand by the biggest movie houses. The New Grand, with its customary enterprise and alertness, was able to secure it among the very first, and will offer it today as the headliner of a big week-end show.

A notable cast will appear in this film, including Orml Hawley, Earl Metcalf, Kempton Greene and Justina Huff. These are names of filmdom's most popular stars.

Selig will offer the chief fun picture today in "Cats." The title is simple, but the fun is big and most pretentious. It is a case of fun from start to finish, and those who can't laugh don't want to laugh are given fair warning to keep away from the New Grand today. The cast of this fun film is a big one, including such notables as Lyllian Brown Leighton, John Lancaster and Lee Morris.

So it can be seen that today's show at the New Grand is a big winner, and should not be missed.

COLUMBUS COUNTY TRACK MEET AT BOLTON YESTERDAY.

Chadbourn Wins Baseball Game and Highest Score on the Track.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Bolton, N. C., March 12.—The Columbus county track meet was held in Bolton today, four schools being represented. In the field contests Chadbourn won 29 points, Bolton 22 points, Hallsboro 18 points and Byrdville 12 points. The baseball game was won by Chadbourn 5 to 4.

Hallsboro played under difficulty for they had not enough school pupils and had to fill in places with others. Nevertheless, the Chadbourn team had to work to win. Benton, Chadbourn's star, scored 26 points for his team. He is an all-round athlete. Strauss, Bolton's star, won 17 of their points. Barefoot won 12 of the points for Hallsboro. Whiteville failed to appear, so the basketball game was not played. Bolton now challenges any high school in the county to play basketball for the silver cup.

DR. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN TO BE HEARD AT WAKE FOREST

To Deliver Annual Address and Baccalaureate Sermon—Bickett to Speak

(Special Star Correspondence)

Those who atend the commencement Those who atend the commencement exercises at Wake Forest in May will have the unusual pelasure of hearing Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church, New York City, who will preach the Baccalaureate sermon the morning of May 19 and make the annual address on Thursday morning, May 20. Dr. Woelfkin was professor of homiletics in Rochester Theological Seminary from 1906 to 1912. Since that time he has filled his present position. He is distinguished as a lecturer and author as well as a preacher.

The annual address will be delivered by Attorney-General Thomas Walter Bickett (class 1890). There will be a reunion of the class of 1890 at that time.

BODY OF AGED NEGRESS FOUND IN A DITCH.

Identified as That of Sophronia Croom, Who Disappeared Months Ago.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Kinston, N. C., March 12.—The coroner today decided that an inquest over the body of Sophronia Croom, an aged negress, was unnecessary. The remains of the woman, who disappeared five months ago, were found in a ditch on a farm miles west of here late yesterday. She presumably drowned herself in the ditch.

The body was nude, the clothing of the woman, by which a son identified her, being piled nearby. The corpse had been badly mutilated by scavenger animals. The woman was of infirm mind.

Washington, March 12.—The new coast guard cutters Ossipee for use in Maine waters, and Tallapoosa, for the Gulf of Mexico, will be launched at Newport News, Va., April 20. Miss Sallie McAdoo, daughter of the Secretary of the Treasury, will christen the Ossipee, and Miss Mabel Hartwell, of Mobile, will name the Tallapoosa, which will be an oil burner.

SUNDAY SERVICES

The Sabbath was made for Man. This includes all men. Sabbath means rest. The day was given for men to rest. Men are not merely made of their bodies. Men have minds and Spiritual natures. These three parts of man need rest. The night should give rest for the body. The mind should rest in change of thought and in recreation. The Sabbath gives time for the rest of the Spirit of man in worship and home religion and personal meditation. Worship is provided for in our churches. Come and let us worship there.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor—Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor. Sabbath school at 3:30 P. M. Junior C. E. at 4:30 P. M. Senior C. E. at 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Seats free; a welcome to all.

Pearsall Memorial Presbyterian church, East Wilmington, Rev. H. W. Koelling, pastor—Sabbath school at 10:30 A. M. Preaching at 11:15 A. M. Christian Endeavor at 7:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. All are invited to these services.

Harnett Street Mission, Eighth and Harnett streets, Rev. W. M. Baker, evangelist in charge—Sabbath school at 9:30 A. M. Preaching each second and fourth Sabbaths at 7:30 P. M.

First Presbyterian church, corner of Third and Orange streets, Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor—Services tomorrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Dr. Wells will preach at both services. The morning subject will be "Self Denial," and the evening subject will be "Nicodemus." Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Christian Endeavor at 7:15 P. M. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. You are cordially invited to all the services.

Immanuel Presbyterian church, corner of Front and Queen streets, Rev. J. S. Crowley, pastor—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 3 in the afternoon. Remember Col. Walker Taylor's class and the Brotherhood Bible Class. You are most cordially invited to attend all these services and most heartily welcome.

Winter Park Presbyterian church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor—Services tomorrow at 7:30 P. M., in which the congregation of the Baptist church will join. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Mid-week service Wednesday evening at 7:30. Public cordially invited to all services.

Bethany Presbyterian church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor—Services tomorrow at 11 A. M., conducted by the pastor. Sunday school at 3 P. M. Ladies' Society meeting Tuesday afternoon at 3:30. Every one will be welcome.

Delgado Presbyterian church, Rev. Andrew J. Howell, pastor—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 10:15 A. M. Mid-week service Thursday evening at 7:30. A cordial welcome for all.

A CONFESSION

Hopes Her Statement, Made Public, will Help Other Women.

Hines, Ala.—"I must confess", says Mrs. Eula Mae Reid, of this place, "that Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done me a great deal of good.

Before I commenced using Cardui, I would spit up everything I ate. I had a tired, sleepy feeling all the time, and was irregular. I could hardly drag around, and would have severe headaches continuously.

Since taking Cardui, I have entirely quit spitting up what I eat. Everything seems to digest all right, and I have gained 10 pounds in weight."

If you are a victim of any of the numerous ills so common to your sex, it is wrong to suffer.

For half a century, Cardui has been relieving just such ills, as is proven by the thousands of letters, similar to the above, which pour into our office, year by year.

Cardui is successful because it is composed of ingredients which act specifically on the womanly constitution, and helps build the weakened organs back to health and strength.

Cardui has helped others, and will help you, too. Get a bottle today. You won't regret it. Your druggist sells it.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. MC130

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, passed at its session for the year A. D. 1915, entitled "An Act to Charter the City of Wilmington," and a resolution duly passed by the City Council of the City of Wilmington, and by the City Board of Elections for said City, adopted on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1915, a special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington and in the territory described in said Act, on Tuesday, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1915, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of the City of Wilmington and in the territory described in said Act, the question of the ratification of said Act by the voters of said City, and the territory covered in said Act, as, and for, the charter of the City of Wilmington, at which said election those favoring the adoption of said Act as the charter of the City of Wilmington shall vote a written or printed ballot containing the words "For Charter," and those opposed to the adoption of said Act shall vote a written or printed ballot containing the words "Against Charter;" and that an entire new registration has been ordered for said election, and the registration books for the registration of electors, desiring to vote in said election shall be opened on Tuesday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1915, and shall continue to be kept open up to and including the second Saturday preceding said election, Sundays excepted; and that the books will be kept open for the registration of electors residing in the various precincts, from 9 o'clock A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M., on each registration day except Saturdays, on which days the said registration books shall be kept open for registration until 9 o'clock P. M., on said day; and only those electors registering as required by law will be allowed to vote in said election.

That there have been established only six election precincts in the territory covered by said Act, namely: One precinct for each ward: The First Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the First Ward; The Second Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Second Ward; The Third Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Third Ward; The Fourth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Fourth Ward; The Fifth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Fifth Ward; The Sixth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Sixth Ward.

That the following named polling places, registrars and judges of elections have been named and designated for the purpose of holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Engine House, 4th and Campbell streets.

Registrar—W. McD. Evans.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—W. H. Howe, Willie Kerr.

Second Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Court House of New Hanover County, in basement at northwestern corner of said building.

Registrar—W. W. Hodges.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—E. H. Munson, C. H. Ward.

Third Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Giblem Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.

Registrar—J. R. Davis.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—Sam Wood, Norcum Hewlett.

Fourth Ward Precinct:

Polling Place — McClellan's Stables, No. 116 Dock street.

Registrar—F. W. Peiffer.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—W. A. Spooner, J. O. Reilly.

Fifth Ward Precinct.

Polling Place—New Engine House, Fifth and Castle streets.

Registrar—R. H. Orrell.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—Ike Burriss, W. W. Sellers.

Sixth Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Mann's Store, Seventeenth and Market streets.

Registrar—J. F. Mann.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—J. H. Womble, J. D. Edwards.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sunset of said day, and no longer.

Each registrar will keep the registration books open for the registration of electors residing in the respective precincts, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5o'clock P. M., beginning Tuesday, March 9th, up to and including the second Saturday preceding said election, Sunday excepted, except on Saturdays, when the said registration books shall be kept open from 9 o'clock A. M. until 9 o'clock P. M. No registration will be allowed on election day except to such persons as shall give satisfactory evidence to the registrar and the judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed. On the second Saturday before the election, the registration books will also be open at the polling places in the voting precincts for the inspection of the electors of the precinct, and to enable challenges to be made of the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is objected to, notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The registras and judges of said election have been notified of their appointment and of the polling places, and required to take the oath prescribed by law, and will be furnished with the necessary books and ballots for conducting said election, and all vacancies occurring among registrars and judges of election will be filled and the returns from said election will be received as required by law.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote for "For Charter," the said Act will then become the charter of the City of Wilmington, but if a majority of the votes cast in said election shall be cast "Against Charter," the said Act will not then become the charter of the City of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council and City Board of Elections.

THOMAS D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.

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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SATURDAY, MARCH 13, 1915.

Where there are a great many protests there is liable to be an ultimatum.

Good roads convince people that they could not possibly get along without them.

A reformed bandit should remember that he can make about as good a general as anybody else.

All jingoes should write at once to the Secretary of War and tender their services instead of making boisterous remarks.

Are we on the job of making Wilmington? What kind of touch has Wilmington with the big forces which build cities?

If a large amount of money and property is involved in a will, there are lawyers who have confidence enough in themselves to find a way to break it.

On and after today the backbone of winter is supposed to be broken, but if it isn't everybody would gladly hand spring an axe so she can put winter out of business.

It is hoped that the new admirals just appointed will be informed that all orders to salute the flag should be issued after consulting the Navy and War departments at Washington.

If American citizens again have to be warned to leave Mexico, it would seem that conditions there are such that they haven't seen any necessity of getting scared up to this time.

The war in Europe promises to make America industrially independent and the South agriculturally independent. Now is a good time for the South to quit eating out of the hand of the West.

While snow was falling in Texas, orange blossoms were in bloom in the same state. However, it must be remembered that Texas is as big as all out of doors. The Texans are prepared to match climates or jitneys with all comers.

Before the war in Europe, a lawyer who was recognized as authority on international law was looked upon as some nibs. Lo! Now, we all know that international law hasn't enough teeth to gnaw the wrapper from a cake of prize soap.

Among the recent marriage records of the Sioux Indians was that of Harry Poor Dog and Rose High Cat. The Mr. Wolf and Miss Lamb recently married in Ohio were not Indians. How do people like that manage to get on matrimonial terms?

It is no laughing matter that President Wilson has appointed Mr. Teebee, a Cherokee Indian, of Talequah, Oklahoma, as register of the Treasury. Probably there is an opening in Washington for some of the Minnehaha family, but who ever heard an Indian titter, much less ha-ha?

A shipping concern would like to know what articles of export can be concentrated at Wilmington in quantities sufficient to load a ship for Pacific American, South American, Central American, or West Indian ports. That is one of the questions for us to think over and be prepared to answer.

When a man is in love he is willing to lay down his life for a woman. When he gets her he tries to lay down the law to her, but rather than let him think he can do so she will tell him she will "die first". Thereupon, a man comes to the conclusion that laying down his life for a woman and laying down the law to her are jokes which he does not care to remember.

It is strange, isn't it? Among the Greeks for centuries there has existed a prophecy that Constantinople will again be restored to its ancient allegiance when there is a king named Constantine and a queen named Sophia. Owing to what is impending at Constantinople, the Greeks marvel that at this propitious moment they have a king and queen whose names correspond to prophecy. Their queen is Kaiser Wilhelm's sister.

THE STATE FISH LAW.

Whether the State fish law, passed by the Legislature at its recent session, is all that the State needs in the way of conserving and promoting its fish and oyster industry, it is a start in the right direction. It follows somewhat the lines of the conservation laws of Virginia, Maryland and probably other states, and it may be fully adapted to the needs of North Carolina. The bill satisfies the fishing interests at Wilmington as a general thing, yet the conditions vary in different parts of the State and we have yet to hear from all the interests from Dare to Brunswick and in the interior. Many of these, however, were heard, some for and some against the measure, before the legislative committees while the act was in the making.

A coast country man who was in Raleigh when the Legislature was in session said he heard an intelligent up-country member say he was willing to do whatever the coast country wanted, as his part of the State had no interest in the matter one way or the other. A great many people in the interior labor under that misapprehension because they fail to look upon the fishing interest as one of the resources of the State, just as much so as is agriculture and precisely in the same way. That is not all, however, for the interior is concerned in the food feature of the fish and oyster resources of the State. This fact is recognized by many intelligent people of the up-country, too. Senator Gardner, of Shelby, who was president pro tem. of the Senate, took a very conspicuous part in the fight for the State fish law on this ground, as did others in the Senate and House, from the central and western counties.

Far away in the interior the people have a direct, though not fully appreciated, interest in the fish industry. Wherever there is a river or considerable stream, all the communities bordering on it are concerned, but their interests are not the same as are those of the sounders and the people living on streams near the ocean. Down on the coast, for instance, we get the first chance at shad, while the interior gets none if we catch all the fish by some of the methods used on the sounds and lower stretches of the rivers. How far up the Cape Fear, the Neuse, the Roanoke and the Tar rivers is there any considerable catch of shad or other migratory fish these latter years? The probability is that the fishing industry is a thing of the past fifty or a hundred miles from the coast, yet we have seen a very considerable industry 300 miles away from the coast—as far up as shad and rock fish run.

A well posted fisherman says the coast fishermen have followed methods which have prevented fish from going up stream where they can spawn and fry can be hatched for a future supply of fish. This not only prevents the people in the up-country from having a share in the fishing industry, but the coast fishermen sooner or later injure, and in many instances ruin, their own business by depleting the streams of fish. For that reason the shad industry on the river approaches to the ocean is almost a thing of the past. All the interests, coast and interior, therefore, have to be concerned, and where their interests clash it is for the law to regulate the business in the interest of the State and all its people.

With negligible attention from the National government and none from the State, there is little or no re-stocking of the rivers with fish. It would be an easy matter, too, for the State to re-stock every stream in North Carolina without waiting for the government to do it. Mr. J. B. Fales, of Wilmington, largely interested in the fish and oyster business for years, says the hatching of shad is such a simple matter that a small and inexpensive hatchery on each river would stock every stream in the State. He says he has noticed that where shad-roe and spawn were spilled in the bottom of the fishermen's boats thousands of fry were hatched in a few inches of water warmed up by the sun. He declares there is not the slightest reason why every river in North Carolina should not have a plentiful run of shad. Neglect can be no excuse, but that is why the fishing industry has declined.

This should not be so any longer if the fish law is put to practical use. The State Fish Commission will be in a position to make a thorough study of the business and be prepared in two years to report good progress to the Legislature and ask for more law or alterations in the law, if any are needed to protect the industry from the coast to the mountains. Governor Craig thinks well of the new law, as he says in an interview concerning it:

"One of the most important bills enacted was the fish law. We have heretofore neglected our immense fishing resources. North Carolina is more advantageously situated for fishing than any State on the Atlantic coast, and properly conserved and protected we would have the finest fishing industry. We have neglected this, and the industry has thereby been largely impaired. The law enacted by this Legislature is for the protection and the conservation of the large food supply that comes to us through the inlets from the Atlantic Ocean. If we will administer the law wisely it will result in immense benefit to the State, and will alone justify this General Assembly. All depends on the wise and considerate administration of the law. The State should in a few years derive a large revenue from fishing and at the same time preserve for ourselves and for future generations this splendid food supply yielded by our waters."

Of course, if the State is to get the benefit of the law, it must be intelligently administered and enforced, if necessary. The law should afford no sinecures and it is hoped the positions provided under it will be jobs and that the duties contemplated will be performed. Common sense, investigation, study and effort will make conservation of the fishing industry a success.

PEOPLE WANT THE WAR STOPPED.

Appalled at first by the outbreak of the titanic war in Europe, people now are becoming inexpressibly horrified at its magnitude. No one can foresee the end, and considerable impatience is felt by some over the fact that President Wilson has not raised up his hand and called upon the belligerents to let up. He has not even had an opportunity to arbitrate the war, but that is not his fault. There has been criticism of the President for his apparently ineffectual effort to mediate between the nations, but the always sensible Wall Street Journal comes to his defense with this striking reference to the impatient criticisms occasionally made by those who think like a horse shying at what he thinks he sees:

"No sooner had hostilities begun than President Wilson made a meritorious attempt to bring about a reconciliation. He was politely, but emphatically, given to understand that outside interference was not desired. Further advances at this time would be offensive. Yet people are still nagging him to do something to end the war. A prominent Judge in a public speech referred to the fact that Mr. Roosevelt found a way for an amicable adjustment between Russia and Japan.

"But the gentleman overlooked the fact that at Port Arthur, Mukden and Harbin, Russia had suffered humiliating defeat, while Japan was exhausted. Both parties were in position to welcome an opportunity to make peace. Had Mr. Roosevelt tendered his good offices before that time he undoubtedly would have received an unpleasant rebuff. When the moment arrives, Mr. Wilson can be counted on to make an offer of mediation. It will not be difficult to recognize the moment."

The Journal is thoughtful and wise. President Wilson was quick to offer to mediate, but he cannot do so till all are willing—till the belligerents have enough of the destruction of men and the exhaustion of resources in a hopeless and prospectively prolonged onslaught in the several war zones. For the sake of humanity, more than for the world's commerce and prosperity, all people should earnestly desire an early if not immediate cessation of slaughter and blood-letting, but meanwhile public sentiment in this country, appealed to at the very beginning by President Wilson, makes American mediation unlikely at present. Extreme exigencies may help his chances to finally mediate or bring about arbitration, but the belligerents will turn to America only when the situation becomes hopeless.

THE WAR ARK.

One of the British warships anchored in the offing at the entrance to the Dardanelles, is the Ark Royal. Her location appears on the newspaper maps showing the positions of the big attacking fleet of British and French sea fighters. Well, the Ark Royal is a different kind of war vessel, and whether Uncle Sam has one like it we are not able to say. Probably he has. If he hasn't, probably he will have to construct three or four vessels of the ark type, because modern warfare calls for them.

The Ark Royal somewhat resembles Noah's ark, but it is an armored ship. It is the floating headquarters of the seaplane and aeroplane division of the navy. The top is flat and on it there are hangars and starting and landing stations for the two types of flying machines. Probably, also, she carries a balloon equipment, for it is taken for granted that the Ark Royal is a complete affair for the purpose of carrying along and taking care of the flying contingent of the navy.

From the Royal Ark, the birdmen go forth on their venturesome raids. If they return and land on her safely or drop into the sea so they can be picked up, they are lucky. From the hurricane deck the birdmen take their flight, but in addition to this peculiar ship's usefulness in that respect, she is a floating factory and machine shop. She is not only so equipped that she can repair all types of flying craft, but is prepared to manufacture them—every part, even to the motor engines. The probability is that John Bull's navy is the only one which has a unit of such a type as the Ark Royal, but it is quite plain that such a ship is absolutely essential to a naval squadron.

It is possible for this modern kind of ark, or a half dozen of them, to anchor at sea and send forth its birdmen to drop bombs on the unsuspecting city of Wilmington or to disfigure the sky line of New York, for instance. Here is right where we are going to stop, for no one likes to think of even the possibilities of a bombardment from the sky.

THE COTTON SITUATION

Up to March 5, the total foreign exports of cotton since August 1 were 5,537,073 bales, compared with exports of 7,290,685 bales during the corresponding period the previous year. Thus it may be seen that exports for the season up to this time are 1,753,612 bales less than they were up to March 5, 1915. Northern spinners' takings since August 1 have been 2,047,309 bales, compared with 2,137,440 bales up to March 5, 1914. The Northern mills are closely coming up to last year's consumption. The same can be said of Southern consumption, for since August 1, up to March 5, Southern mill takings have been 1,830,000 bales compared with 1,866,000 bales up to March 5, 1914.

The above figures are taken from the New York Commercial and Financial Chronicle, while probably Commerce and Finance has based its figures for exports on cargoes cleared later for Europe. Commerce and Finance expresses surprise that exports up to this time are short only 1,551,000 bales compared with exports for the corresponding season last year. Mr. Theo. H. Price, editor of Commerce and Finance, gives this interesting summary of the cotton situation as he sees it in New York:

"Looking ahead it appears that King Cotton is about the only monarch whose throne will be made more secure by the war in Europe. Already his realm is extended to include many of the manufactories hitherto supposed to consume wool or flax exclusively, and he is able to exact a larger tribute than ever before from the world at large through the new uses which are being found for cotton and its products. There is little doubt that in the manufacture of explosives and airships and as a substitute for jute and burlap bagging an immense amount of cotton has gone into consumption that would not have been thus used except for the war. In many cases the habits so formed are likely to be permanent. Last September the editor of this paper was accused of "exuberant optimism" in estimating that the world's consumption of cotton of all growths would be curtailed by not over 3,269,000 bales as a result of the war and yet up to date United States exports including the amount on shipboard are only 1,551,000 bales less than last year, while American spinners have taken almost as much as they did in the same time last season, their takings during the week ending last Saturday according to The Financial Chronicle being actually 30 per cent. larger than in 1914. The evidence that these figures afford of the irrepressible demand for cotton has more than offset the depressing effect of Great Britain's announcement of her intention to intercept all shipments destined for her enemies and the market has gradually advanced nearly half a cent a pound. The advancing tendency has been encouraged by circumstantial reports of small fertilizer sales in the South and reiterated predictions of a radical reduction in acreage.

"Of the coming crop we cannot know anything certain for many months. In the interval its imaginary size may be frequently enlarged and reduced and he who would keep in harmony with the fluctuations in the price of cotton must be able to adjust himself promptly to the popular illusions in regard to "crop conditions" as well as to the vagaries of the Washington authorities whose clairvoyance enabled them on the 31st of July last to report almost the lowest condition figures on record as pre-figuring the largest crop ever grown. To the thoughtful man the foolishness of any dogmatic assumption with regard to next year's acreage and production is therefore at once apparent, but from the experience of the last six months we may deduce at least one safe rule of action, namely, that however large the supply or discouraging the outlook, cotton is a safe purchase whenever it is selling at or below the cost of producing the most expensively produced fifth of the previous cotton crop. This variant of the rule generally propounded in regard to the purchase of staple commodities at below the average cost of production is applicable only to cotton and a few other commodities the anual production of which so closely approximates the annual consumption that the surplus or reserve at the end of the season is less than twenty per cent. of the yearly supply. It is not, therefore, average cost of producing the most expensively produced fifth of the crop that must be realized in order to insure the continued production of the surplus of reserves that is necessary to prevent a violent advance in price.

"Whatever may be the average cost of producing cotton it will be agreed that at least one-fifth of the crop now being marketed cost ten cents a pound or more to produce, and it is, we think, scientifically demonstrable that the maintenance of reasonable cotton reserves is dependent upon the farmer's ability to get at least ten cents for his production. If this theory be correct, and it has the support of many of the world's leading economist, there is little doubt that those who are likely to need cotton will miss their opportunity if they do not buy while it is still to be had at below nine cents a pound. Subconsciously, perhaps, the trade seems to have acted on this belief. We find evidence of it in many unexpected quarters—a very large quantity of cotton is going into Russia by way of Vladivostok, 21,850 bales having cleared from Seattle since February 27. Italy has also been a heavy buyer of late and some very large freight engagements for Genoa were reported last week. Exports to Spain up to Fbruary 12 were 247,000 bales as against 188,000 last year and the Barcelona mills are working night and day on uniform material for the French and English soldiers. Certainly there is nothing in these figures to justify the expectation of any serious decline."

Pass the word along. Travelling men tell us that business in the Carolinas has greatly improved recently. They say it has been better during February and March than at any other time since the war began. Merchants in various Eastern Carolina towns are reporting great improvement in business, and the same reports are made by concerns engaged in various industries, while many lumber mills that closed down last fall are resuming operations. This is good news. Tell it to others.

Owing to the fact that ladies' shoes are prettier than ever, skirts are to be short in order to prevent extremes from meeting.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Next Monday morning, without fail, the Roper Lumber Company's local mill will resume operations after having been idle for several weeks. Financial conditions now are very satisfactory in this city but the resuming of operations at this plant will make them even better.—Newbern Journal.

During the Civil War Commodore Maffitt, of Wilmington, lost one cruiser through the law governing interned vessels, and we believe Admiral Semms also abandoned a vessel in a neutral port. It was a choice of abandoning ship or going out and running her into certain destruction. But in each case the Confederate commander laid a straight course for a new and better ship. The refugeeing of the German cruiser at Norfolk has added an element of intense interest to the war news, and a case of extraordinary feature appears to have developed. The German vessel sought shelter and aid in a United States port fresh from having sunk a United States ship, bringing in as prisoners the captain and men of the destroyed ship. On its face the action of the commander of the German cruiser looks like one of reckless defiance. Should that develop to be the case, he will find that he is dealing with no third-class nation.—Charlotte Observer.

Call at your polling place and register for vote on new charter.

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LOOK!

M. W. Divine & Co. are offering Paints, Oils and Varnishes at Reduced Prices during the Clean-Up and Paint Up Campaign in Wilmington during the campaign Starting March 15th to April 1st.

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"THE IRON MEN" FOOT OF ORANGE STREET

If Its Shoes
WE CAN SUIT YOU
Carl F. Strunck & Co.
128 to 130 South Front Street. Phone 800-J

The Busiest Spot in Town
Hanby's Hardware Store,
29 SO. FRONT ST.

All day long we were busy with a continual stream of discriminating buyers, and they all left well satisfied with their bargains in

Crockery, Hardware, Tools, Canoes, Tents, House Furnishing Goods, Motor Boat Supplies, Heaters and Ranges, Gasoline Engines, and Sporting Goods and Farming Implements.

PROPOSED NEW CHARTER EXPLAINED BY STACY

Says Fault in Present Form Lies in the System.

Comprehensive Outline of Bill Providing City Manager Form of Government Presented to Citizens Last Night

Declaring that his advocacy of a new form of city government is based on a belief that the fault in the present form lies in the system, and not with the men who serve under it, Representative W. P. Stacy explained the provisions of the proposed new city charter, to be voted on at a special election Tuesday, March 30th, in an earnest and comprehensive address at a public meeting held in the court house last evening and attended by a gathering of several hundred representative citizens. Mr. Stacy was given the closest attention, was frequently applauded and at the close of his speech answered a number of questions from different citizens in the audience.

The meeting, called by the committee which supervised the drafting of the new charter, came to order shortly before 8:30 o'clock, when, on motion of Mr. D. J. Fergus, Col. Walker Taylor was called to the chair. Col. Taylor made a short talk, explaining the purpose of the committee in calling the meeting and thanking them personally for giving the citizens an opportunity to hear the proposed charter explained. The people, he said, could be depended upon to do the right thing at the right time, provided they had reliable information. Col. Taylor expressed the belief that the people of Wilmington are thinking more for themselves now than ever before.

Personally, he said, he had almost made up his mind to vote for the new charter simply on his knowledge of the men who had served in drafting it, pointing out that the committee was a representative one, including several members of Council, a number of business men and several leading representatives of the legal fraternity. However, no one ought to vote for or against it without first satisfying himself as to what it contained, and what it provided for. Mr. Stacy, who had made a study of the proposition and who introduced the bill in the House and secured its passage, was qualified to give such information.

Work of Legislature.

In beginning his talk, Mr. Stacy referred briefly to the work done by the General Assembly, asking the pardon of his hearers for so doing, but explaining that he thought it was of some interest. He remarked upon the fact that the Legislature had several fights, the first of which was over the Fish Commission bill, which, in his opinion, meant much to North Carolina and especially to Eastern North Carolina, in providing for the preservation of the fisheries industry. The second fight was on the primary bill, and resulted in a compromise on the Australian ballot feature, whereby it was left optional with the voter as to whether or not he cast his ballot secretly. For this reason, Mr. Stacy explained, he had New Hanover exempted from the primary bill, for the county already has a primary law, with better provisions as to the Australian ballot system than provided by the Statewide law, for its county and legislative officers. The third hard fight was with reference to the means of appointing members of the Boards of Education. Mr. Stacy expressed regret over this fight, but explained that men see things differently, and could not be blamed for abiding by their beliefs. He took occasion to pay tribute to the General Assembly, as a conscientious, hard-working body of public spirited men and declared that if any mistakes had been made they were of the head and not of the heart.

Coming down to the subject of local legislation, Mr. Stacy declared that the most important local measures passed by the Legislature were those having to do with the organic government of the city.

"And before going further, let me make it clear that the city limits have been extended. Carolina Place and Carolina Heights are now a part of the city of Wilmington, whether they like it or not, that's the law of North Carolina today. And this charter business has nothing to do with the annexation of Carolina Heights and Carolina Place."

The Amended Charter

The annexation of the city limits, Mr. Stacy explained, was done by amending the existing city charter, and Mr. Stacy explained this amendment at some length, taking pains, however, to mention frequently that there was no connection between the amendment and the charter to be passed on at the special election March 30th.

He pointed out that when the city limits were extended it became necessary to readjust the ward lines to take care of the new territory; that a new ward was created, making six wards instead of five, He defined the ward lines as they now exist and told his hearers that at the next municipal election, irrespective of the fate of the proposed new charter, six Councilmen and a Mayor wil be elected. The mayor will serve two years and three of the cilmen two years and three of the Councilmen four years. This was done for the purpose of having overlapping terms for the Councilmen, so that at no time would the entire body be composed of new and inexperienced men. After the coming election all Councilmen will be elected for four year terms.

Mr. Stacy also explained that the method of nominating candidates for municipal office had been changed, explaining that at the primary to be held April 20th each ward will nominate two candidates for Council from that ward, while the city as a whole will nominate one or two candidates for Mayor. In the municipal election May 4th, the city as a whole will vote on one Councilman from each ward, and if two candidates for Mayor have been nominated in the primary, will vote for one mayor. If, however, any one candidate for Mayor gets a majority of the vote cast in the primary, then he will have no opposition in the general election, as the city as a whole will already have spoken for him. Each voter in each ward, votes for two candidates for Council in the primary, and also for two candidates for Mayor if he so desires.

Under the amended charter, Mr. Stacy explained, the salaries of the Councilmen and Mayor are not changed. Each member of Council receives $600 a year, and the salary of the

(Continued on Page Six.)

CONTRACT HAS BEEN SIGNED

Work on Extension of Federal Point Road Through Beach Resorts to Begin Within 15 Days.

The contract for the extension of the Federal Point road to the beach resort developments in the southern section of the county, a distance of seven and one-half miles, was formally signed yesterday, and work upon the road will begin within 15 days and is to be completed in eight months. The contract is signed by the chairman and clerk of the Board of Commissioners, the officers of the three development companies interested, and Mr. C. R. Humphreys, the contractor whose bid was accepted.

Mr. Humphreys' bid for the work was 76 cents a square yard, and upon this basis the road will cost $4,458.66 a mile, or $33,439.95 for the seven and one-half miles. The cost of the improvement is to be borne jointly by the county and three development companies interested in the beach resorts, and upon completion of the contract, the development companies are to continue the road from a point half a mile beyond Carolina Beach on through Wilmington Beach and to Fort Fisher Sea Beach. Eventually, the road will be improved on through to the end of the county, or to the "point".

The specifications for the road call for a hard road ten feet wide and eight inches thick. The grading for the road has already been done by the county convict forces. Lillington gravel will be used in making the improvement.

Under the contract the road is to be completed within eight months, so that by next November the county will have a hard road from the city right on through to a point beyond Carolina Beach.

B'NAI B'RITH CONVENTION.

Fifth District to Assemble in Richmond Coming Week—Delegates.

North State Lodge No. 223, Independent Order B'Nai B'Rith, of this city, will be represented at the fifth district convention of that order in Richmond during the coming week by the Rev. Dr. S. Mendelsohn and by Mr. M. W. Jacobi, who have been chosen as representatives from the local lodge. They will leave tonight and be present at the opening sessions of this great gathering.

Charlotte, Asheville and several other North Carolina cities which have lodges will also be represented at the Richmond meeting, which will open Sunday and continue through Tuesday. The fifth district includes North and South Carolina, Virginia, Maryland, Georgia, and the District of Columbia. Richmond will entertain the visitors handsomely.

SUNSET PARK TODAY.

Team That Will Engage Baltimore Federals—New York Americans.

All candidates that expect to make the team that will play the Baltimore Federal baseball team here on March 27th, are requested by Manager Chas. L. Terry to report at Sunset Park this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock or as soon thereafter as possible. As is well known to the fans here the Baltofeds are now in spring training in Fayetteville and will be here for a practice game just before their return North. Manager Terry hopes to send a strong aggregation to meet the Federals and it is hoped to have a large contingent out for practice this afternoon.

A contract was forwarded last night for the exhibition game to be played here on April 3rd with the New York Americans now training at Savannah, Ga. These two games will no doubt attract a very large crowd of the 'faithful" in Wilmington.

THEIR FATHER DEAD

Messrs. Joe, M. L. and E. L. Starkey Bereaved in Pitt County

Messrs. Joe, M. L. and E. L. Starkey, of this city, have the sympathy of many friends in the death of their father, Mr. R. M. Starkey, which occurred at his home near Greenville, N. C., on Wednesday night of this week. Mr. M. L. Starkey received a telegram Wednesday evening that his father was critically ill and he left at once to be with him, death having ensued, however, in the meantime.

Mr. Starkey was 75 years of age and had visited Wilmington a number of times, making a number of friends here who will regret exceedingly to hear of his death. He leaves besides the sons in this city, two daughters, Mrs. Kleber Denmark, and Miss Emma Starkey, of Kinston, where Mr Starkey formerly resided.

HELD FOR SUPERIOR COURT.

Probable Cause Found by Recorder in Case Against Negro Boys.

Richard Spicer, Willie Johnson and James Gibson, colored boys charged with entering the store of A. B. Croom & Co., on the wharf, several nights ago, were tried in the Recorder's Court yesterday morning and upon probable cause being found, were bound over to Superior Court. In default of bond in the sum of $100 each they went to jail. James Fennel, another negro boy implicated with them, was held as a State's witness.

A charge of vagrancy against Mamie Porter, standing since last December, was dismissed yesterday. Mary Mack, colored, was taxed with the costs for a simple assault. James Johnson contributed $5 and costs for disorderly conduct.

Sovereign Representative

Aside from the election of another Wilmingtonian as banker of the head camp of North Carolina, at the recent session of the State Woodmen of the World in Durham, honor was conferred also on Mr. Geo. C. Jackson, who was elected one of the three representatives from this State to the Sovereign Camp of the World, which will meet in June in San Francisco. Mr. Jackson, Gen. B. S. Royster, of Oxford, and Mr. S. O. Bryant, of Durham, will be the three representatives from this State. Mr. Jackson is a past commander of the head camp of North Carolina and at the recent session in Durham, which he attended, he was presented a handsome medal in token of his services to the order. In addition to Messrs. Fleet and Jackson, the other local delegates were Messrs. W. P. Farrar, J. L. Davis, W. G. A. Oterson, Geo. T. Hewlett and E. B. Allen.

Annual Meeting of Club

The Wilmington Chess and Checkers Club will hold its annual meeting next Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Officers and members of the Board of directors will be elected and other important business will be transacted. All members are urged to attend.

Only a few more days to register for charter election. New registration.

AWARD CUSTOM HOUSE CONTRACT IN THE FALL

Collector Notified to Secure Retned Quarters Here

Treasury Department Asks for Proposals for Renting Offices for Government Officials While the Work Progresses.

Col. Walker Taylor, collector of customs at the port of Wilmington, has just been advised by the Treasury Department that it is expected that the plans and specifications for the work on Wilmington's new Federal building will be placed on the market soon after July, 1915, and that it is expected that the award of the contract will be made within two months thereafter.

The collector is also advised that in order that there may be no delay in the commencement of construction, steps should be at once taken to secure rented quarters for all the government officials occupying buildings on the site.

The supervising architect of the Treasury Department has issued general instructions relative to requirements for rented quarters and these will be observed here while the present customs building is being torn down to make way for the new. When Federal buildings are remodeled, extended, or demolished preparatory to the erection of a new building, it is generally necessary to provide temporary quarters for the government officials located therein during the construction work and proposals for such temporary quarters are solicited through the custodian of the Federal building where the construction work is to be performed.

Funds are provided by Congress for the rental of quarters for the government officials, and the moving expenses incident thereto, but no appropriation is made available for making changes, repairs or improvements in buildings so rented. Supplemental to these general statements, the following specific requirements exist in all cases unless noted to the contrary:

1. The rent proposed to be charged must be for a building or space in a building properly and completely arranged, and suitable, in the opinion of the lessee, for occupancy. The proposal should state the rate of rental for the first year, and, ordinarily, a reduced rate for subsequent periods, such reductions being occasioned by the absence of expenditure incident to the fitting of the property for government use, which expenditure it is customary for the lessor to make a part of the first year's rent. The bid should be accompanied by a statement of the floor area in square feet offered, the area of the basement to be given separately.

2. All materials, appliances, etc., not furnished by the government will remain the property of the lessor.

3. Whenever practicable the lessor is permitted to remove from the existing government building certain fixtures and install the same in the rented quarters, such items, however to remain the property of the government, and to be returned and stored where directed, or, when required, replaced in the Federal building, to the satisfaction of the representative of the Treasury Department, at the termination of the lease. Any damage caused to the material or to the work in place as a result of their removal, etc., must be repaired at the expense of the lessor. The government property which may be used in rented quarters will be listed for the information of bidders. Material which may be used subject to return to its original position in the Federal building will also be stated.

Heat, light and water are ordinarily provided and paid for by the government, but if any or all of these items are supplied by the lessor, a separate proposal for each should be made, and they should not be included in the amount charged for rent.

All necessary vault facilities, shelving, etc., must be furnished by the lessor, vaults to be according to specifications.

The quarters must be equipped with a flag pole properly located for the display of the National ensign, etc., flags to be furnished by the government.

The statement of the lessor should give the distance of the quarters offered from the postoffice and the principal railway stations and also their proximity to the center of the business district.

Where quarters are offered in portions only of certain buildings, the statement should indicate character of business conducted by other occupants, etc. Such entrances as will not in any way interfere with government business, must be provided for other than government officials occupying the building. Proposals should also indicate whether elevator service exists. Toilet facilities must be ample and fully set forth in proposals. Where considered necessary doors must be screened and windows provided with shades.

Proposals must be accompanied by sketches showing size and location of rooms, with ceiling heights, etc.

All changes in arrangements, fittings, etc., must be determined before acceptance of the proposal.

Lessors are required to guarantee that the quarters will be kept in a tenantable condition during their occupancy by the government, all renewals and fixtures or repairs to be made by the lessor without additional expense to the government.

The government reserves the right to vacate the quarters at any time after the expiration of the first year upon 30 days' notice, and also to occupy the same as long as it desires to do so, and rent to begin on date of actual occupancy, and to be paid quarterly at the conclusion of each quarter.

In the event the building is not fireproof, it is to be provided with adequate fire protection including hand extinguishers, etc., and the statement should set forth fully the apparatus included in this item.

Prospective bidders should consult the custodian before preparing proposals. All bids must be submitted in duplicate and be based upon "General Instructions Relative Requirements for Rented Quarters," dated March 5th, 1915.

Mr. Henry E. Bonitz, a local architect, has suggested to Col. Taylor that a government expert be sent here to exterminate the rats around the old buildings to be torn down on the custom house site. Mr. Bonitz says there are thousands of rats in this block, and that if they are not killed out they will move to other buildings. Col. Taylor will take the matter up with the government authorities.

WALKER MAY BE TRIED HERE

Attorneys Will Probably Move for a Change of Venue or Continuance Next Week.

Whether the trial of Jesse C. Walker, in jail at Southport, charged with the killing of Sheriff Jackson Stanland and subsequently breaking prison there after knocking the jailor senseless, will come up at next week's term of Brunswick Superior Court, Judge M. H. Justice probably presiding, will depend upon whether or not the prisoner's attorneys will be able to get a motion allowed for a continuance or a change of venue to some other county than Brunswick, both of which will likely be asked in behalf of the young man.

Walker is understood to have said several times that he did not want to be tried at Southport and there have been frequent intimations since he was carried there several days ago that a change of venue will be asked.

Walker is said to have an uncle in Athens, Ga., connected with one of the cotton mills there, who is looking after his interests and it is known already that both Hon. John D. Bellamy and William J. Bellamy, Esq., of this city, have been engaged to defend him.

The latter Mr. Ballamy returned yesterday morning from Southport, where on Thursday afternoon he had a long conference in the jail with his client. Walker is being very closely confined and every precaution taken to see that he is not given another opportunity of escape. Mr. Bellamy could talk with his client confidentially, only by suffering himself to be locked in the cell with the prisoner, which method he adopted, spending about two hours in outlining the plan of defense.

Mr. Russ, a very competent official, is in charge of the jail there, and special guards are said to be kept day and night on the prisoner.

In case the courts allow Walker a change of venue, it is stated that the trial of the man would likely take place either here in New Hanover county or in Columbus county at Whiteville.

The case will likely be one of the most hotly contested in this section of the State in a long time and the trial will be watched with interest everywhere.

The question of to whom the rewards for the capture of Walker will be paid seems not yet to have been settled.

DOGS TRAILED WELL.

Chadbourn Bloodhounds Used to Good Purpose by Pender Officers.

Deputy Sheriff R. T. Murray, of Pender county, in a statement given The Star yesterday, in regard to the bloodhounds they recently had over in Pender for the tracking of a colored man who had shot Mr. Z. B. Barnes, of Bannerman's Bridge, says the dogs acquitted themselves well. They took the trail from only one or two tracks which were 12 hours old and followed the negro in the dark for a distance of more than a mile through the bushes and swamp, until they were taken from the trail by the owner on account of the water in the swamp. After this, for some cause, Deputy Murray says they would not take up the trail.

He considers the work of the dogs very satisfactory, as it was the opinion of all that the negro had gone in an opposite direction and the officers were putting forth most of their efforts in that direction.

His friends will be glad to know that Mr. Barnes, who is in Harper's Sanitarium here, continues to improve. He will likely be out again soon.

HERE'S ENTERPRISE FOR YOU!

Wilmington Newsboy Who Got Even With Gentleman from Kentucky.

The following from a recent issue of a Louisville, Ky., paper will be read with keep appreciation by those at all acquainted with the fecundity of the average Wilmington newsboy. Here's the story from the Louisville paper:

"Henry Imhoff, of Louisville, was in Wilmington, N. C., for some time this summer. Of an evening, whenever a newsboy approached him in front of his hotel and asked him to buy a paper, his answer invariably was, 'I'm German. I can't read that.'

"All but one boy who came to know him, thereafter never asked him to purchase again. However, there was one who was not satisfied. 'Mister, can't you honest read anything but German?' he asked an evening or two after his first unsuccessful effort to make a sale.

"'Honest, I can't,' returned the veracious Imhoff.

"A week or two later Imhoff was sitting in front of the hotel when the boy walked up to him and tossed a paper in his lap. 'Mister, there's your German paper,' he said. He had sent to New York and ordered it for Imhoff.

"It was up to him to buy that paper. And during the remainder of his stay in Wilmington the boy sold him an English paper every evening."

Vesper Services Today

Vesper services will be conducted at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, 16th and Market streets, this afternoon at 6 o'clock by Rev. E. DeF. Heald, Jr., priest in charge. The children are especially invited to this service, and a welcome is assured all.

WHAT TO DO FOR ITCHING SKINS

Eczema, ringworm and other itching, burning skin eruptions are so easily made worse by improper treatment that one has to be very careful. There is one method, however, that you need not hesitate to use, even on a baby's tender skin—that is, the resinol treatment. Resinol is the prescription of a Baltimore doctor, put up in the form of resinol ointment and resinol soap. This proved so remarkably successful that thousands of other physicians have been prescribing it constantly for 20 years.

Resinol stops itching instantly, and almost always heals the eruption quickly and at little cost. Resinol ointment and resinol soap can be bought at any druggist's.

CLEARS BLOTCHY SKIN

Try resinol soap for a week. You will be surprised to see how it clears and freshens your complexion, even in that short time. Used for the shampoo, it removes dandruff and keeps the hair live, rich and lustrous. This is because it contains the soothing, healing resinol medication.

March-Springtime

—The time to Start Things.

—The time to Start Life on a good basis.

—Life is Not on a Business Basis if You are Spending as Much as You Earn. No Progress; No Ambition.

—You have to have capital. You must Save, to get that capital. Open an account with us; this will start you saving.

—Any Sum Over $1 will start a savings account.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

REPORT TO THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE CONDITION OF

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON MARCH 4TH, 1915.

Assets.		Liabilities.	
Loans and Discounts, other than Demand Loans	$1,887,185.30	Capital	$ 100,000.00
North Carolina State Bonds	15,000.00	Surplus	200,000.00
All other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	10,570.00	Undivided Profits	61,863.66
Banking House	50,000.00	Dividends, Unpaid	83.50
All other Real Estate owned	2,400.00	Reserved for Dividend	3,000.00
Demand Loans	109,103.87	Demand Certificates of Deposit $ 386,925.60	
Cash (on hand and in banks)	261,123.88	Savings Deposits 1,670,310.29	2,057,235.89
Invested Trust Funds	94,800.00	Building Reserve	8,000.00
Total	$2,430,183.05	Total	$2,430,183.05

I, John Lewis Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS.

Correct—Attest:

N. B. RANKIN,
J. V. GRAINGER, Directors.
JNO. D. BELLAMY, JR.,

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 9th day of March, A. D. 1915.

H. S. MEREDITH, Notary Public.

STATE DEPARTMENT AIDING

Division of Markets Co-Operating With Local Truck Growers' Association—Mr. Camp Here

The North Carolina Department of Agriculture, through the Division of Markets, is co-operating in every possible way with the Wilmington Co-Operative Truck Growers' Association in planning for a systematic distribution of the truck products of this section for the coming season, and Mr. Wm. R. Camp, chief of the Division of Markets, was in the city yesterday, conferring with Mr. C. E. Haskett, general manager of the Association, and gathering data as to the acreage and condition of the truck crops in the Wilmington territory.

The Division of Markets, on March 1st, mailed out to thousands of commission men and produce dealers all over the North and East, a circular letter calling attention to the Wilmington Association and the fact that it will control 75 per cent of the truck shipped from this section, and offering to assist the buyers in every way possible. To this end enclosures were sent along with the letter, with blanks to be filled in with answers to the questions asked, and returned.

These letters are bringing fine results in the way of inquiries from the commission men and produce dealers, and Mr. Camp stated yesterday that a very large number of replies had been received and more coming in every day.

The letter sent out by the Division of Markets is as follows:

"Dear Sir:—We write to ascertain the source of your supply of vegetables and to see ho wwe can better fit into the demands of your market. For this purpose will you kindly fill in answers to the enclosed questions.

"At the same time we should like to call your attention to the Wilmington Co-operative Truck Growers' Association, Wilmington, N. C., C. E. Hasket, General Manager. The organization has control of seventy-five per cent of the truck shipped from this section. The production of lettuce amounts to 250 cars, of peas 20 cars, of beans 25 cars, of cucumbers 30 cars and of potatoes 30 cars.

"The shipping season for the Wilmington district would be about as follows: Lettuce, March 20th to May 15th; Potatoes, May 20th to June 20th, peas, April 20th to May 20th; beans, May 10th to June 1st; cucumbers, May 15th to June 10th; beets, May 15th to June 15th; cabbage, May 15th to June 15th; and squash, May 15th to June 10th.

"Thanking you for your cooperation in this work, we remain,

"Yours sincerely,

"WM. R. CAMP,

"Chief, Division of Markets."

The active co-operation of the State Department of Agriculture promises to be a very material aid to the local Association, and the officers and members are anticipating a most successful season.

THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES

Report of The Treasurer for the Month of February 1915.

Receipts—New Hanover county, $200; Mrs. Donald MacRae, $5; Miss Wendell, $10; Mrs. V. G. Empie, $5; Mrs. W. $2.50; Immanuel Presbyterian church, $1.82; St. James Episcopal Church, $177.37.

Disbursements—Secretary's salary, $33.33; Catharine Kennedy Home, $12.50; groceries, $213.05; rent for those in need, $27.75; cash help, $75.50; wood, $19.90; railroad fares, $22.40; telephone $2.33; gas for office, $2.50; janitor for one month, $1.20; postage, $1.00.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

(advertisement.)

CHART OF WATER ANALYSES

Shows Daily Tests by Laboratory of State Board of Health for 30 Days—To be Exhibited.

A chart prepared by the local Board of Health, showing daily analyses of the city water as made by the laboratory of the State Board of Health for a period of 30 days, has been completed and will be placed on exhibition at the Woodall & Sheppard drug store, corner Front and Princess streets, for the information of the public.

At the monthly meeting of the Board of Health last Tuesday a copy of the chart was exhibited to the members, and the statement was made at that time that the chart showed definitely that not five cities in the entire South have better water than that of Wilmington's present supply.

Mr. Martin S. Willard, chairman of the County Board of Health, yesterday gave out the following statement relative to the chart and the water question:

"The County Board of Health has had prepared a chart showing the daily analyses of the city water supply as made by the State Board of Health. For the information of the public a chart showing these analyses for one month has been framed and will be displayed for some days in the drug store of Messrs. Woodall & Sheppard, corner of Front and Princess streets. The tests applied by the State Board of Health when analysing this water are the same tests which would be applied if the water to be examined came from cisterns, deep wells, or driven pumps. If the results of these tests, arrived at by methods recognized as authoritative and applied by experts, shows the city water supply to be as good for all domestic purposes as that secured from either of the other sources mentioned, is it not folly to continue the agitation of the water question to the detriment of the city's reputation and the depletion of the taxpayers' bank account? These tests do show this and anyone can satisfy himself of the fact by examining the above mentioned chart. "M. S. WILLARD,

"Chairman Board of Health."

More Inquiries for Merrick.

Of relatives of the late Samuel Merrick, the negro eccentric who recently died here intestate, leaving an estate of several thousand dollars, there seems to be no end. From way up in King's Mountain, this State, yesterday, The Star received an inquiry from one Thomas Sloan, who stated about 30 years ago he had a brother who left home and was headed towards Wilmington. He has not heard of him since and Sloan enclosed a stamp to know if by any possible means, the man who died here could be his long lost brother.

FOR SALE

150 Bags Maine Grown Irish Cobbler Potatoes.

200 Barrels Large Mullets.

200 Bags Green Coffee.

Iron Safes, various makes.

Cuts of safes furnished upon application.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

Wholesale Grocers

Wilmington, N. C.

311 N. Front St.

"Who steals my purse steals trash.

But he that filches from me my good name Robs me—" Etc.

The ONLY ORIGINAL and appointed "QUALITY DRUGSTORE" in Wilmington IS The J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., Front and Grace Sts.

Belle Mead Sweets—The purest and best candies on the market. The ONLY candies which passed the censorship of the State Board of Health of Massachusetts, and received the endorsement of Dr. Wiley.

The Parker Fountain Pen—We have the largest assortment in the city.

Ely's Cream Balm.

Bunting's Catarrh Cream—the best ever.

Mercolized Wax. Saxolite.

Samose—the Flesh Producer. We are the sole agents.

Also Howard's Specific.

Parisian Sage. Sage and Sulphur. Walnutta Hair Stain.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

"The QUALITY Drug Store."

Read Star Business Locals.

THIS TRADE-MARK IS YOUR GUARANTEE

There is no genuine BAKER'S COCOA or BAKER'S CHOCOLATE unless it has this trade-mark on the package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.

REG. IN U.S. PAT. OFF. ESTABLISHED 1780 DORCHESTER, MASS.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. William L. Beery has returned from Charlotte where she spent a week as the guest of Mrs. James A. Fore, at her home on North College street.

* * *

Miss Marie Hooker, of Carolina College, Maxton, N. C., is spending the week-end as the guest of her friend, Miss Naomi Green, at the Hotel Wilmington.

* * *

Miss Pauline Crumb will give another one of her studio teas at the McDowell School of Music this afternoon from 4:30 to 6:30 o'clock. Miss Ruby Duncan, one of Miss Bowen's very promising pupils, will assist Miss Crumb with the music.

* * *

Thursday's Goldsboro Argus: "The whole community deeply sympathize with Mrs. E. C. Vitou in the death of her beloved father, Capt. J. T. Harper, which occurred at his home in Wilmington Tuesday night, and who was interred at Southport, his old home, today."

* * *

The Crusaders of the Y. M. C. A., took a hike around the East Wilmington loop yesterday afternoon, stopping for ice cream and cake, which was much enjoyed en route. About 30 couples participated in what proved to be one of the most enjoyable outings of the season.

* * *

Kinston, N. C., March 12.—Lieut. Com. Lyman Cotten, U. S. N., and Mrs. Cotten are spending a few days at the home of the former's parents in Pitt county, Cottendale. Commander and Mrs. Cotten recently returned from Tokio, where the officer was for three years naval attache at the American embassy. Their visit is being made the occasion for a reunion of the sons and daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Cotten, the dwellers in Cottendale house.

* * *

Friends of Mrs. Ruth H. Ricks, formerly Miss Ruth Harriss, of this city, will be interested to know that at the recent third annual commencement of the Duplin county public schools at Kenansville on Thursday and Friday of last week, her little son, John Ricks, of Warsaw, received the prize as the best speller. The contests, exhibitions and interest shown made the commencement this year the best yet held. The spelling and writing contests were the first to claim the attention of the smaller children to whom the first day was devoted, and especially good work was done, so that the honor won by Master Ricks was an exceptional one indeed.

* * *

MRS. SOUTHWICK LECTURES AT THE HEMENWAY TUESDAY

Under the auspices of the Senior Class of the High School, Mrs. Jessie Eldridge Southwick, of Boston, Mass., will deliver a dramatic lecture recital at the Hemenway auditorium next Tuesday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Hers will be the first of a series of four lectures to the public planned by the joint school comitee for this month and next. An admission of 25 cents will be charged for Mrs. Southwick's lecture, but the others will be free.

Mrs. Southwick's subject Tuesday evening will be "The Drama of Human Life", with illustrations from literature. Mrs. Southwick has rare dramatic genius, a magnetic presence and a very pleasing voice. Her work as an equator, her writings and her interpretations of poetry and the drama have won for her a national recognition, and she will no doubt be heard by a very large audience on the occasion of her appearance here.

The Hemenway building, in which the electric lighting has now been completed, will be thrown open for inspection for a half-hour preceding Mrs. Southwick's lecture, and the occasion will be in the nature of a formal opening of the building's handsome auditorium.

Tickets sold last month, when Mrs. Southwick was to have lectured at the Hemenway, but was prevented by being called to attend an important educational meeting, will be honored for the lecture Tuesday evening.

* * *

SPLENDID SONG RECITAL AT BRIGADE LAST NIGHT

Wilmot Goodwin, baritone, and associated artists, Maurice Warner, violinst, and Lee Cronican, accompanist, presented at the Boys' Brigade last night, under the auspices of Sorosis, the first of two cycles of a song recital entitled "The Power of Song". The second cycle will be given at the Brigade this evening, beginning at 8:15 o'clock.

The three musicians acquitted themselves in splendid manner last night to a fairly large audience. Goodwin has a superb voice, well controlled and wonderfully felxible. Warner's work on the violin is also of high order and Cornican is one of the best accompanist hearhd in years. He played the entire programme last night without notes, a musical feat, which, in view of the variety and quality embraced, attests to his skill.

The opening group of songs in last night's programme was made up of old favorites, including "Hearts Bowed Down," "Love Abiding," and "Forgotten." In the second group come the "Jester Songs," by Bantock; the aria, "Vison Fugitive," from Massenets Herodiade, and the "Dedication," by Franz. The final group of the first cycle begins with "Open Thy Lattice", and ends with the wonderful "Sword of Ferrara," in which number, perhaps, Goodwin was at his best.

The programme for tonight is equally well-chosen and balanced, and it is expected that a very large audience will hear it.

PROPOSED NEW CHARTER IS EXPLAINED

Continued From Page Five

Mayor is fixed by the Council, at from $1,800 to $2,400 a year.

The New Charter.

Taking up the new charter, Mr. Stacy explained that it has to do with the form of our government, and it is this charter, he pointed out, that is to be voted on March 30th. The question to be considered by the voter in deciding the matter was is it better than our present charter, Mr. Stacy declared.

The question of city limits, he went on to explain, is not involved in the new charter, it provides for the same city limits, the same ward lines and the same method of nominating candidates for municipal offices as does the amended charter now in force.

"Under our present charter," Mr. Stacy said, "we elect six Councilmen and a Mayor, Each Councilman has charge of a department of our city government, to manage as he sees fit. The Mayor has today the same power he had last year, no more, no less. I'm frank to say that if our government is to remain as it is I think the Mayor ought to have more power, but as I said before, men differ in opinions.

"Under the new charter, if adopted, you will elect six Councilmen, or aldermen, as they are called in the bill, and a Mayor, but the duties of these Councilmen or Aldermen will be vastly different from those of the officials as matters now stand.

"Under the new charter the Mayor and Council will be a legislative body. They will meet twice a month, or oftener, if necessary, and pass such ordinances and rules of conduct as are necessary for the government of the city. But this body will elect an executive officer, or city manager, in whose hands, largely, the management of the city's affairs will rest."

The plan, Mr. Stacy went on to explain, was patterned largely after the method of conducting a large business corporation, with the Council as the board of directors and the executive or city manager as the business manager.

The Council, he explained, would not be restricted in their selection of a city manager, except that they could not elect one of the Councilmen or the Mayor to the office. The members of Council would not be required to give up their own business, and the only restriction would be that they could not hold any other office in the city government. Under the new charter each Councilman or Alderman would be only a legislative officer, and would not be required to give a great deal of his time to the city government.

"The big question," Mr. Stacy continued, "is, do we want a change of government, and if so, why? Is the present government as good as we want, or as good as the new charter will give us? If it is, then no change is needed. If not, then we ought to get out and support this new charter.

"It's possible that I may know something about the present form of city government that you don't know, and I'm not a politician, either, for they tell me that I have no more sense than to tell the truth."

Mr. Stacy then told of the several bond issue bills that had been sent from Wilmington for passage by the Legislature. He was not familiar with the city's finances, he said, and he had therefore addressed an open letter to the Councilman in charge of the department of finance, asking for information. In a reply from one city official, Mr. Stacy said, he was informed that the city's financial condition was too serious to be trifled with, and ought not be aired in the newspapers.

"As a citizen and a taxpayer," Mr. Stacy said, "I did not agree with him, and I do not now. I believe the taxpayers have a right to know where their money is being spent and how.

Indebtedness of City.

"I doubt if more than three men in the house," he went on, "know how much the city owes. I am advocating a business form of government, and in order to make my point I will have to tell you something about this.

"Did you know that the tax rate of Wilmington is higher than any other city in North Carolina with the exception of Asheville, where a small resident population is trying to do big things for a large non-resident population?

"Did you know that the per capita indebtedness of Wilmington is larger than any other city in the State, with one exception? How many men in this house know the bonded indebtedness of Wilmington? Did you know that your bonded indebtedness is only a little less than two million dollars, $1,899,400, to be exact? And that the total amount of bonds issued in Wilmington since 1908 is $1,195,000?"

Mr. Stacy said that he was not unmindful that permanent improvements have been made, and that they are assets of the city, but that a city's assets, in a business way, are only to be reckoned as they serve to bring in revenue.

"Wilmington's revenue last year was $332,000, and her expenses were $300,000. Since that time the floating indebtedness has increased more than enough to overbalance the $32,000 difference."

"I want to make it clear here," Mr. Stacy said, "that I am not criticising any of our officials. I believe they have all done the best they could. The trouble lies in our system. There are too many departments, and too many heads."

Referring to the question of salary, Mr. Stacy said that he did not believe a man on Council would oppose the new charter on account of a reduction in salary, but that if this was to be used as an argument then it put the question on the basis of whether the city was providing a form of government as a means of paying office holders salary, or for the purpose of an efficient administration of its affairs.

The new charter, Mr. Stacy said, provided a salary of $1,200 a year for the Mayor and a salary of $300 a year for the Councilmen.

Limits Expenditures.

"One of the strongest features of the new charter," said the speaker, "is that it limits the city's expenditures to an amount within its ability to pay. It provides that the total expenditures for all purposes, during any fiscal year, may not exceed the amount of revenue assured for that year, except to meet emergencies arising out of acts of God, or for permanent improvements made under special assessment against property holders along the streets to be improved, as provided in the charter.

"It has been said," Mr. Stacy went on, "that the Council will pay their manager an unreasonably large salary. I take it that you will elect intelligent men to office. But if they have no more intelligence than to pay the manager too much salary, why not be logical and admit that they have not sufficient intelligence to govern one of the city's departments, involving an expenditure far greater than the manager's salary?"

Mr. Stacy said that another thing provided in the new charter was that every ordinance passed by Council should be published and then bound in book form. He declared that today negroes are tried in the Recorder's court under ordinances that can't be found.

Mayor Moore, who was in the audience, told Mr. Stacy that he was doing an injustice, that two years ago Council had paid Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., the sum of $600 to compile the city's ordinances.

"If I have done you an injustice, I apologize to you," answered Mr. Stacy, "but I must stick to my point. While I was at Raleigh your Recorder himself wrote me to this effect. The laws compiled by Mr. Peschau may be available, but what about those passed since then?"

Mayor Moore said that practically all of them were covered in the compilation made by Mr. Peschau. He observed that Mr. Peschau was present and could probably verify what he said. Mr. Peschau replied that he had compiled the ordinances, but that they are now in a vault at the city hall, and that he himself probably did not remember half of them.

Mr. Stacy again told Mayor Moore that if he had done him an injustice he was willing to apologize publicly. Mayor Moore replied that the injustice was not to him personally, but to the city. Mr. Stacy then said he would make an apology to the city.

In closing his address Mr. Stacy again reiterated that his advocacy of a change in the form of government was because he believed that the present form was unsatisfactory, and not because the men who served under it were incompetant. He was doing it solely as a public service, and his only interest in it was his desire that the city might have a more efficient and satisfactory form of government. He was prepared, he said, for whatever verdict the people might give; that he had done all he could, as had the men who served on the charter committee.

Before concluding, he mentioned that a new registration for the charter election was necessary, because of the fact that the ward lines had been changed.

LOCAL DOTS.

—A small blaze on the roof of a house, No. 6 Blomme's alley, owned by Mr. Anson Alligood and occupied by Susan E. Nixon, colored, called the department out at 10:22 A. M. yesterday in response to an alarm from box 114. The damage was slight.

—Mr. W. P. McGlaughon has been elected delegate from Jefferson Lodge to the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, to be held in Salisbury the second week in June. Messrs. Jno. R. Hanby and J. W. Smith are delegates from Stonewall and Clarendon lodges respectively.

—Mr. W. L. Benson, the grocer, got a fine recommendation for quick delivery, when he was arrested in person on his own delivery wagon at 17th and Dock streets, late yesterday afternoon by Motorcycle Officer J. S. Lane, charged with fast and reckless driving. He was recognized for his appearance before Recorder Empie this morning.

—Thursday's Goldsboro Argus: "Dr. E. C. Vitou, who had gone to Wilmington yesterday in consequence of the death of his father-in-law, Capt. J. T. Harper, was summoned hastily home again last night by reason of a fearful fall sustained by his own father, who resides with him here, yesterday, and from which he is suffering very greatly."

—J. B. Grimsley, white, member of a railroad construction force, was arrested yesterday by Officer O. V. Thompson, near Fourth street bridge, on a warrant of several days ago, charging him with an assault with a deadly weapon in pointing a pistol at a woman and with carrying the aforesaid pistol, a deadly weapon. He gave cash bond for his appearance before the recorder today.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. N. E. Sproul, of Rocky Mount, was registered at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. E. Bryan Jones, of Hickory, was registered at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. F. B. Gault, of Lake Waccamaw, was a guest at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. B. R. Webb, of Charlotte, was in the city yesterday, stopping at the Orton.

—Messrs. R. H. and L. C. Hubbard, of Mullins, were guests at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. C. E. Foster, of Bradford, Pa., is spending several days in the city on business.

—Friends of Mr. J. W. H. Fuchs will regret to know that he is confined to his home by illness.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Truelinger, of Charlotte, were among the guests at the Orton yesterday.

New York, March 12.—Rev. Dr. Roy B. Guild, pastor of the Congregational church of Topeka, Kas., was elected today as associate secretary of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. If he accepts it is announced his chief work will be the organization of associations of churches throughout the country.

This is the Tonic that forces your cows to the limit without injury to health.

Pratts

Animal Regulator

Pkgs. 25c, 50c, $1.00; 25 lb. pail $3.00

saves waste of feed, greatly increases milk yield and prolongs the profit paying period. The percentage of butter fat is always increased. Calves are born stronger and healthy and are kept so by the regular use of Pratts.

Refuse substitutes; insist on Pratts.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back

Get Pratts Stock Book

Robt R. Bellamy; John S. McEachern's Sons. 6532.

In connection with the clean-up and paint-up campaign in Wilmington, a friend of the Star hands to the editor a valuable suggestion in the way of an extended write-up in the Mothers' Magazine for February, showing what the children, boys and girls, accomplished in a clean-up campaign in New York city. Led by one masterful young fellow, who was later dubbed New York's boy mayor, he organized the other young folks of his district and what they accomplished in a short time by co-operative effort affords the topic for this most interesting story in the magazine, which is liberally embellished with cuts. The boys and girls in Wilmington, by blocks, wards or districts, could assist wonderfully in the work here in Wilmington, if they would set their minds and hearts to the task. Supt. McAllister is looking for help and encouragement from every source. Let the young folks get busy along their own lines.

AS TO ROLLER SKATING

Police Department Receiving Many Complaints—Law on Subject

Chief of Police Williams yesterday issued an invitation to all parents to co-operate with him in stopping the practice of children skating on the sidewalks of the city, which is a clear violation of the law. He has received numerous complaints from different parts of the city and regrets to have to make arrests of children for violations, yet the law is on the books and if the children must skate on the sidewalks, they must appeal to council to repeal the law.

Skating is also prohibited on the streets after 6 o'clock in the evening. Chief Williams states that he has no alternative to enforcing the law and he hopes it will not be necessary to make arrests. Complaint has also been made of children catching hold of passing automobiles, which is not only a very dangerous practice, but a clear violation of the law.

Real Estate Transfers

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Geo. O. Gaylord to John D. Bender and wife for $10 and other considerations, tract on old Greenfield road; Southern Realty & Development Company to Mrs. Belle F. Alderman, for $10 and other considerations, lot No. 20, Lake Side Park; Louis Abelovitz and others to Isaac and Nathan Shain, for $10 and other considerations, lot on west line of Fourth 132 feet south of Bladen street, 33x168 in size, also lot on west line of Fifth, 99 feet south of Walnut, 33x180 feet in size.

Books open at polling places all day today for registration of new charter.

"VENGENCE IS MINE"

An Intense Two-Reel Mutual Drama, Starring Billie West and Florence Crawford.

"Trapped by a Heliograph"

Thrilling Dramatic Feature, with Wm. Morse and Jessie Gill.

"Her Winning Punch"

Rousing Keystone Comedy Feature.

BIJOU

Monday—Grace Cunard and Francis Ford, in "The Curse of the Desert."

Wait! Wait! Wait!

Martin L. Hall Co's "PERFECT BOSTON COFFEE"

DEMONSTRATION

C. R. Pape's Grocery

7th AND CHESTNUT

MARCH 15, 16, 17th

Come get a Cup of Delicious Coffee and Nice National Biscuit Co. Cake.

A. D. BROWN

The Store That Sells Wooltex Clothes for Women.

New Summer Cottons

An entire Novelty this year, (and one of the loveliest of all) is Shadow Lace Cloth.

It is quite sheer, and the flower printings and stripes are most effective against a background that looks like Shadow Lace.

25c and 40c a yard.

Voiles, Organdies, Crepes—striped and with flower printings.

Big 3-Reeler

STAR FEATURE

NEW GRAND TODAY

LUBIN'S LATEST SENSATION: "THE REGENERATING LOVE" With Ormi Hawley, Earl Metcalf and Kempton Greene.

And That Great Laugh Film: "CATS" With a Notable Cast, Headed by Lyllian Leighton Brown.

5 Cents

TUESDAY—2ND EPISODE "RUNAWAY JUNE"

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, MARCH 13

MATINEE AND NIGHT

COHAN & HARRIS' Own Company Presenting COHAN'S BEST PLAY 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

LAUGHS MYSTERY MELODRAMA THRILLS

Run a Year in New York and Chicago

SEATS NOW, WOODALL & SHEPPARD

MATINEE: 3.00. NIGHT: 8.30

SONG RECITALS —by— **WILMOT GOODWIN** BARITONE —and— ASSISTING ARTISTS

BOYS' BRIGADE ARMORY

NO. 501 S. SECOND ST.

First Cycle—Frl., March 12, 8:15 P. M.
Second Cycle—Sat., March 13, 8:15 P. M.

UNDER AUSPICES OF NORTH CAROLIAN SOROSIS.

Single Admission $1.00

Take Care of Your Earnings

Said a noted business man in a recent address before an assemblage of rising young men. It is a well known saying that money is more easily earned than saved. Of course an account, no matter how small. In a good savings bank is always a stimulus to those who want to save but lack a system. We solicit small accounts, paying interest at the rate of four per cent., compounded quarterly.

START TODAY

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Cor. Front and Chestnut Sts. Home Bank Building.

Manhattan Shirts

Spring and Summer Styles In

Silks, Pongees, Madras, Percales, and Crepes

Such Rays of Colors and Patterns Have Never Before Been on Display

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

RUNNING WATER, STEAM HEAT IN ALL ROOMS, NEW TILED BATH ROOMS.

—RATES—

AMERICAN PLAN . . . . . Without Bath $3.00 Per Day
AMERICAN PLAN . . . . . With Bath, $3.50 to $4.00 Per Day.
ROOMS ONLY . . . . . Without Bath, $1.00 Per Day.
ROOMS ONLY . . . . . With Bath, $1.50 to $2.00 Per Day.

OUR TABLE IS NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENCE.

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

"OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS"

Oliver Plows Have Been the Standard for Three Generations

More Than 2,500,000 in Actual Use.

They stand first and foremost for excellence, durability, fine finish, long wearing and perfect scouring and turning qualities. Sold by good merchants.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.

DISTRICT AGENTS.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

Slow milling means quality.

If you would look into a mill where Valier's Dainty Flour is made, you would see how slowly the work is done—so slowly that the flour seems to float from the white heart of the wheat kernels. We could make it faster; but it wouldn't be nearly so *fine*; nor bake nearly so *nice*.

Valier's Dainty Flour

sometimes costs a trifle more by the sack, but being so fine, it makes more in baking. And then it makes a whiter, lighter, more delicious biscuit—and cake and pastry too. Get a sack of this superfine flour today.

Valier's Romance Self-Rising Flour is Valier's Dainty flour with self-rising ingredients, mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder. Try it, too.

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington.

THE NEW FIGURE

You must begin the reshaping of your figure NOW. Your Corset of Last Season will Not Serve for the Fashions of This Year—Busts are higher, from three to five inches above the waist. Waists are curved and the clasp flexible above the waist, but taut below to hold the abdomen. This reshaping of your figure can be done comfortably by wearing

Warner's Rustproof Corset

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C. H. FORE & CO.

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON MARKET IS EASIER

Close in New York, Barely Steady, at a Net Decline of Twelve to Thirteen Points.

New York, March 12. — After a quiet morning, cotton today turned easier and closed barely steady, at a net decline of 12 to 13 points.

After opening at a decline of 3 to 6 points, the market rallied on overnight buying orders and continued covering of straddles by Liverpool interests. Active months sold a point or two above yesterday's closing but offerings increased around 9.46 for October and prices gradually eased off. The market closed at practically the lowest of the day. Private Southern advices indicated large spot sales at steady prices. Southern spot markets were unchanged to 12 points higher. Bearish visible supply figures were a factor on the late break.

Spot cotton, quiet; middling uplands, 8.80. Sales, none.

Cotton futures closed barely steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mar		8:65	8:53	8:54
May	8:90	8:97	8:81	8:82
July	9:14	9:18	9:05	9:05
Oct	9:41	9:46	9:30	9:33
Dec	9:58	9:64	9:50	9:51

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8.39; receipts, 9,531; exports, 18,851; sales, 4,040; stock, 370,583.

Galveston — Middling, 8.75; receipts, 6,924; exports, 5,600; sales, 1,998; stock, 487,830.

Mobile—Middling, 8.06; receipts, 234; sales, 250; stock, 42,051.

Savannah—Middling, 8.38; receipts, 3,-057; exports, 13,742; sales, 1,389; stock, 181,578.

Charleston—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 1,291; sales, 400; stock, 86,696.

Wilmington—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 830; stock, 62,127.

Norfolk—Middling, 8.25; receipts, 2,-926; sales, 2,025; stock, 75,521.

Baltimore — Middling, 8⅝; receipts, 2,-059; stock, 5,133.

Boston—Middling, 8.85; receipts, 508; stock, 12,360.

Philadelphia—Middling, 9.05; receipts, 25; stock, 8,829.

New York—Middling, 8.80; exports, 194; stock, 130,269.

Minor ports — Receipts, 19,380; exports, 11,550; stock, 99,045.

Total today—Receipts, 46,795; exports, 49,937; stock, 1,562,022.

Total for week—Receipts, 229,803; exports, 359,035.

Total fo rseason—Receipts, 8,498,175; exports, 1,892,229.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 8.70; receipts, 8,543; shipments, 9,813; sales, 2,447; stock, 171,956.

Memphis—Middling, 8.12; receipts, 4,-136; shipments, 6,234; sales, 3,300; stock, 217,392.

Augusta — Middling, 8.19; receipts, 556; shipments, 692; sales, 1,615; stock, 138,602.

St. Louis—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 3,-436; shipments, 3,723; sales, 63; stock, 37,035.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 1,367; shipments, 967; stock, 17,054.

Little Rock—Middling, 8.12; receipts, 612; shipments, 916; sales, 916; stock, 45,310.

Dallas—Middling, 8.18; sales, 3,470.

Total today—Receipts, 18,650; shipments, 23,345; stock, 627,349.

HESTER'S WEEKLY COTTON STATEMENT.

Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks.

In sight for week, 277; same seven days last year, 177; for the month, 546; same date last year, 302; for season, 12,442; same date last year, 13,455.

Port receipts for season, 8,494; same date last year, 9,474.

Overland to Mills and Canada for season, 797; same date last year, 962.

Southern mill takings for season, 2,-247; same date last year, 2,478.

Interior stocks in excess of August 1st, 901; do. last year, 541.

Foreign exports for week, 359; do. same seven days last year, 115; do. for season, 5,892; do. same date last year, 7,398.

Northern Spinners' takings and Canada for week, 67; do. same 7 days last year, 43; do. for season, 1,996; do. to same date last year, 2,243.

Statement of World's visible supply:

Total visible this week, 7,624; last week, 7,620; same date last year, 6,034; of this the total American this week, 6,030; last week, 6,007; last year, 4,121.

All other kinds this week, 1,593; last week, 1,612; last year, 1,913.

Visible in th eUnited States this week, 2,576; do. this date last year, 1,538.

Visible in other countries this week, 5,048; do. this date last year, 4,497.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 12. — Hogs, higher; bulk, 6.75@6.80; light, 6.55@6.85; mixed, 6.60@6.87; heavy, 6.25@6.85; rough, 6.25@6.40; pigs, 5.50@6.75.

Cattle—Firm. Native steers, 5.75@8.75; western, 5.00@7.35; cows and heifers., 3.30@7.65; calves, 6.50@10.00.

Sheep—Strong. Sheep, 7.10@8.15; yearlings, 7.85@9.15; lambs, 7.75@10.00.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, March 12. — Cotton goods markets were quiet and steady today. Yarns were dull. Wool markets generally firm. Silks for immediate delivery in demand. Futures, quiet.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Prices Drop Under Heavy Liquidation from the Long Side.

New Orleans, March 12.—Cotton prices fell today under heavy liquidation from the long side. While the fall in prices was in the nature of a reaction, some of the selling was inspired by the turn of events in Mexico and bulls were not pleased with the restrictions placed on exports by the European Allies.

The market had generally a downward trend throughout the day and the close was practically at the lowest, a net loss of 12 to 13 points. Prices of actual cotton were unchanged while sales were 4,040 bales. Pressure to buy spots to fill out engagements to the middle of the month was reported.

Spot steady, middling unchanged 8.38; sales on the spot 2,405; to arrive 1,635. Futures closing: March 8.34; May 8.54; July 8.76; October 9.05; December 9.23.

COTTON HAS ACTIVE WEEK

Prices Have Advanced to Within 3 Points of Season's High Record on October Contracts

New York, March 13. — Cotton has been more active during the past week and prices have advanced to within three points of the season's high record on October contracts. Apprehension of an immediate interference with the export movement have been relieved by a supplementary announcement that cotton might be shipped without danger of seizure on contracts existing prior to March 2, providing it was cleared before April 1, and the rush to fill export engagements while marine insurance was still available at reasonable rates has shown itself in larger spot sales, continued heavy clearances and firmness in the Southern markets.

Buying has been encouraged by reports of a reduction of from 25 to 30 per cent. in the Southwestern acreage, continued reports of a big reduction in fertilizer sales and talk that mules will be very scarce in the South this season.

On the advance of over three dollars perable from the low level reached on the break of March 1, there has been considerable realizing and some scattered selling.

Generally speaking offerings have been absorbedon comparative slight reactions, and prices at the close of business tonight were within 15 or 16 points of the best.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Auchenblae (Br.), 2,500 tons, Mair, Mair, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Citta de Messina (It.), 1,557 tons, Chissone, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Alcana (Italian) 2,246 tons, Ghiglione, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 2,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Granville R. Bacon, 329 tons, Bennett, Tidewater Grocery Co.

Barges.

Barge Monocacy, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, March 12.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 41½c.

ROSIN—Quiet, $2.80 per barrel for large; $2.70 per barrel for small.

TAR—Quiet, $1.50 per barrel; 7c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Steady, $2.75 per barrel for soft; $2.75 per barrel for virgin; $1.60 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 44½. Rosin, firm, $3.70. Tar, firm, $2.30-9c. Crude Turpentine, firm, $3.50, $3.50, $2.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .....(—)
Rosin .....(—)
Tar 127
Crude Turpentine .....(—)

Receipts —Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 7 casks; rosin, 2 barrels; tar, 80 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market — Steady, at 8¼c.; quotation same day last year, nominal.

Receipts, 820 bales; same day last year, 278 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 179,236 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 355,504 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, March 12.

Atlantic Coast Line—464 bales cotton; 38 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—353 bales cotton; 65 barrels tar.

Thelma—24 barrels tar.

Total—820 bales cotton; 127 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 5)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, $3.50 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 30@35c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 85@90c. per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sales.

PORK—Small, 8@10c per lb.

SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. lb.; very dull; no sales.

BEESWAX—Firm, 25c. per lb.; dull.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c. Spring, 15@30c. per head; very dull. Turkeys, 15c.; very dull.

EGGS—18c.. per doz.; very dull.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., March 5. — Spanish: Farmers' stock, market quiet, $2 1-2c. asked; 80c. bid.

Virginias: Farmers' stock, market steady. Fancy Jumbo, 3⅝c. per lb. Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2¾c. to 2⅞c. per lb.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, March 5. — North Carolina Peanuts — Market, steady; new crop, fancy hand-picked, 75c.; No. 1, machine picked, 65c. per bu.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady. New crop Jumboes, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, small, machine picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. New crop, No. 1, small, machine picked, 85c.; Jumbos, 75c. per bu. All receipts, heavier.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, March 12. — Sugar, raw, firm; centrifugal, 4.77; molasses, 4.00; refined, firm, 15 points higher.

Butter—Firm.

Cheese—Irregular. Spot coffee, firm; Santos, 4s, 9¾.

SOME DECLINE IN STOCKS

Securities Display Less Resistance to Selling Pressure—Heaviness Pronounced in Afternoon.

New York, March 12.—Securities displayed less resistance to selling pressure in the stock exchange today, some speculative favorites declining over a point. Heaviness was pronounced in the afternoon, motor shares yielding practically all the ground gained during the morning session.

General unsettlement occurred in the final dealings, when it became known that Southern Railway directors had decided to pass the dividend on the preferred stock which five points to 48, two points above its minimum. At the same time announcement was made of the suspension of the dividend on Sloss-Sheffield Iron preferred.

Foreign exchange again was variable, the feature being Italian lires, which were about 25 points under rates quoted a week ago.

Bank clearings confirmed recent advices of a halt in trade at leading centers. Time money was freely quoted at recent low rates and commercial paper was on a parity with long time maturities. Total sales of stocks were 225,300 shares.

Investment bonds irregular with more steadiness in some of the cheaper issues. Total sales, par value, $1,-995,000. Coupon 4s were 3-4c lower on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	53⅞
American Agricultural	48¾
American Can	27⅛
American Car and Foundry	41
American Cities, pfd	48¼
American Cotton Oil	B. 45
American Smelting	63¼
Amer. Snuff, ex. div., 3c	B.148
American Sugar	102
American Tel. and Tel	120
Amer. Tobacco	222
Atchison	95⅝
Atlantic Coast Line	B.101
Baltimore and Ohio	66½
Canadian Pacific	159½
Central Leather	33⅜
Chesapeake and Ohio	42
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	86¼
Erie	22½
General Electric	139¼
Great Northern, pfd	115¾
Illinois Central	B.103
Interborough-Met., pfd	58⅞
Kansas City Southern	B. 21½
Lehigh Valley	134½
Louisville and Nashville	113
Liggett and Myers	218
Lorillard Co	offered.180
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	10½
Missouri Pacific	10¾
Mexican Petroleum	66
New York Central	82
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	51½
Norfolk and Western	B.101
Northern Pacific	102¾
Pennsylvania	105⅝
Reading	143½
Rep. Iron and Steel	19⅞
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	76⅝
Rock Island Co	¾
Rock Island Co., pfd	1
St. L. and San Fran., 2nd pfd	B. 3¼
Seaboard Air Line	13¼
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	32½
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	B. 24
Southern Pacific	82¾
Southern Railway	148⅞
Southern Railway, pfd	45¾
Tennessee Copper	27⅛
Texas Co., ex. div., 2½	132
Texas and Pacific	14
Union Pacific	119¾
United States Steel	44⅝
United States Steel, pfd	104¾
Utah Copper, ex. div., 75c	52
Virginia-Caro. Chem	B. 20½
Western Union	64
Bethlehem Steel	54¼
American Beet Sugar	40

WHEAT ON HIGHER LEVEL.

Kept There by Urgent European Demand for Present and May Delivery.

Chicago, March 12. — Urgent demand for cash delivery and May options today kept wheat to a higher level. Closed strong, 1¼@1¾ above last night; corn scored a net gain of ⅝@⅞ to ¾; oats, off ⅛@1¼ to 1½, and provisions, a shade to 5 cents.

Grain and provisions closing:

Wheat—May, 1.55 ; July, 1.21.

Corn—May, 73¾; July, 72½.

Oats—May, 58¾; July, 53⅝.

Pork—May, 17.70; July, 18.12.

Lard—May, 10.60; July, 10.82.

Ribs—May, 10.12; July, 10.45.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, 1.55½@1.59½; No. 2, hard, 1.58⅝@1.60½.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 73½@74.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, March 12. — Mercantile paper, 3½. Sterling exchange, easy; sixty day bills, 4.7875; for cables, 4.8065; for demand, 4.8015. Bar silver, 51¼; Mexican dollars, 38 ; government bonds, heavy; railroad bonds, irregular. Time loans, steady; sixty days, 2½; ninety days, 2¾@3; six months, 3 . Call money, steady; ruling rate, 2.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 12. — Cotton: Spot, prices steady; good middling, 5.48; middling, 5.17; low middling, 4.77. Sales, 7,000; speculation and export, 2,-000; receipts, 28,000. Futures, quiet. May-June, 5.04½; June-July, 5.09; July-August, 5.15½; October-November, 5.31; January-February, 5.38.

Weekly cotton statistics:

Total forwarded to mills, 76,000 bales, of which 56,000 were American; stock, 1,368,000; American, 1,064,000; imports, 139,000; American, 108,000; exports, 16,-000.

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, March 12. — Cotton seed oil was steady today on demand from March shorts and local professional buying on the strength in other commodity markets. March closed nine points higher and other months unchanged to 2 net higher. Total sales, 8,500.

The market closed steady. Spot, 6.74 bid. March, 6.74@6.80; April, 6.79@6.82; May, 6.85@6.89; June, 7.00@7.03; July, 7.10@7.12; August, 7.19@7.20; September, 7.26@7.30; October, 7.05@7.20.

Montpelier, Vt., March 12.—Governor Gates signed the prohibition referendum bill today and the voters will decide in March, 1916, whether or not or not the substitute state-wide prohibition or local option.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

March 13, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 38 degrees; at 8 P. M. 47 degrees; maximum, 55 degrees; minimum 36 degrees; mean, 46 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for month to date 1.13 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 9.2 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

The Port Calendar, March 13, 1915.

Sun rises .....6:25 A. M.
Sun sets .....6:18 P. M.
Day's length .....11 hrs. 53 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	8:11	8:29	2:50	3:27
Southport	6:16	6:38	12:53	12:28
Masonboro Inlet	6:05	6:27	11:33	12:08

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 12, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	cldy	48	34	.0
Asheville	clear	46	30	.0
Atlanta	clear	58	34	.0
Augusta	clear	60	36	.0
Birmingh.	clear	60	32	.0
Boston	clear	40	26	.0
Charleston	clear	60	42	.0
Charlotte	clear	52	32	.0
Chicago	clear	42	24	.0
Galveston	cldy	64	50	.0
Jacksonv	clear	66	48	.0
Memphis	cldy	54	34	.0
Mobile	cldy	66	46	.0
Montgom'y	clear	64	38	.0
New Orl	cldy	64	50	.01
New York	clear	40	26	.0
Oklahoma	cldy	46	32	.08
Palestine	pt. cldy	60	46	.0
Pittsburg	clear	36	20	.0
Raleigh	clear	50	34	.0
Savannah	clear	64	42	.0
Shreveport	cldy	60	44	.0
St. Louis	cldy	50	30	.0
Washing'n	clear	42	30	.0

BRADSTREET'S TRADE REVIEW.

Disappointment Visible in Many Markets—Factors Cited.

New York, March 12.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Poor roads, unsettled weather and small lot buying in larger lines are probably responsible for the feeling of disappointment visible in many markets. These features contrast with increased operations in heavy manufacturing, diminished idleness, activity in ship-building, a slight improvement in spring retail trade at some centers, expansion in mail order business, excellent winter wheat crop conditions, heavy investment demands for bonds, a slightly more cheerful stock market tone and irregular better in collections.

There are some evidences of betterment in demand for lumber, textile mills are taking raw cotton more freely, some silk factories are working full time; ammunition concerns are rushed; automobile manufacturers are doing better than anticipated. On the other hand, coal mining is retarding and building, though showing signs of improvement, are quiet.

"Bank clearings for the week aggregate $2,869,772,000 a loss of 19 per cent from last week and 11.9 from the corresponding week last year.

"Business failures for the week number 385, compared with 274 in the like week last year."

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, March 12. — Turpentine, firm, 42; sales, 21; receipts, 4; shipments, 203; stocks, 31,020.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 84; receipts, 255; shipments, 219; stock, 112,257. Quote: A, B, 2.90; C, D, 3.02½; E, F, G, H, 3.07½; I, 3.12½; K, 3.22½; M, 4.00; N, 5.00; W G, 5.45; W W, 5.55.

There are those who are predicting now that with the exception of wheat, cotton is likely to profit more with developments growing out of the war than any other commodity. It has only been a little while since the calamity of the war, so far as this country is concerned, was deemed to be its effect on the chief industry of the South—cotton growing. In the early part of December last, cotton was going begging at six cents a pound. With deep emotion from the passionate South, "Buy-a-Bale-of-Cotton" resounded through the land. Since then cotton has advanced 200 points, and there are forecasts that it will show a wider margin above the cost of production. Claims that there will be a growing and extraordinary demand for cotton is based on calculations of the heavy consumption of clothing by the armies of the European war—that to a larger extent cotton will be called upon to take the place of wool, owing to the inadequacy of the world's supply of wool to meet the needs of the soldiers in the field. There are 10,000,000 men on the firing line now it has been estimated. Soldiers at the front wear out a uniform in a month. On this basis a statistician has figured out that the men in the European army will wear out more clothes in one fighting than they would in times of peace in 50 years. It would take 400,000,000 more sheep than there are in the world to meet such a demand, it is estimated. Only one substitute—cotton, the cotton advocates assert. There is no theory at least in the consumption of clothing. By a recent ruling of the British army medical corps, each soldier on the firing line is to receive a complete new outfit of clothing each month. Even where the old outfit is not worn out, it is to be burned for sanitary reasons. Information from the Germans is that the hard usage wears out their uniforms in a month. —New York Commerce.

Covington, Ky., March 12.—Federal Judge Denison, acting as special judge, today refused an injunction sought by the Louisville & Nashville railroad to restrain the Kentucky railroad commission from enforcing its order reducing charges on shipments of grain.

When Women Suffer

No remedy gives greater relief than Anti-Kamnia (A-K) Tablets in all conditions generally known as "Women's Aches and Ills." One trial will satisfy any woman that she has at last found the remedy she has so long been looking for.

Indigestion-Dyspepsia

Are you distressed after eating? Do you have nausea when riding in the cars or on the train or boat? Take A-K Tablets and get instant relief.

Genuine A-K Tablets bear the K monogram. At all Druggists.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates, in Effect From Wilmington.

MEMPHIS, TENN. $20.55
On sale April 10, 11 and 12th; limited returning midnight, April 24th.
WASHINGTON, D. C. $12.55
On sale April 15, 16 and 17th; limited returning midnight, May 8th.
CHATTANOOGA, TENN. $18.20
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th; limited returning, midnight, May 8th.
HOUSTON, TEXAS $41.25
On sale May 6 to 11th, limited returning midnight, May 31st.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA. $24.50
On sale June 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning, midnight, June 17th.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Very Low Round Trip Fares To Durham, N. C.

—via—

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South.

Account of Biennial Session, Head Camp, Woodmen of the World of N. C., the Southern Railway Company will sell round trip tickets from all points in North Carolina to Durham, N. C.

Dates of sale, March 7, 8 and 9th, with final limit midnight of March 13th, 1915.

For further detailed information, schedules, etc., ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write.

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

mh4-4t

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from—

WILMINGTON

On sale April 15, 16 and 17th; limited returning May 8th.
WASHINGTON, D. C. $12.55
CHATTANOOGA, TENN $18.20
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th, limited returning May 8th.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA $24.50
On sale June 7, 8 and 9, limited returning June 17th.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

TO CHICAGO
ON THE CAROLINA SPECIAL
THROUGH SLEEPING CAR DAILY
VIA
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South
QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE AND BIG FOUR ROUTE

Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

FLORIDA - CUBA - SOUTH

ONLY Through Sleeping Car Between WILMINGTON and **ATLANTA**

DAILY SCHEDULES:	No. 55	No. 51
Lv. Wilmington	8:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Ar. Florence	7:30P.M.	9:20A.M.
Ar. Atlanta	6:00A.M.	.....
Ar. Montgomery	11:30A.M.	.....
Ar. New Orleans	8:55P.M.	.....
Lv. Wilmington	3:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Lv. Florence	7:55P.M.	9:40A.M.
Ar. Jacksonville	7:15A.M.	7:20P.M.
Ar Tampa	4:00P.M.	6:45A.M.
Ar. St. Petersburg	8:30P.M.	8:00A.M.
Ar. Fort Myers	10:20P.M.	12:05P.M.

PULLMAN CARS ON ALL TRAINS.

PHONE 160
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 13, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND

Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach
.....	.....	.....
a6:20 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.
.....	.....	.....
6:50 A.M.	6:50 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
.....	.....	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....
cd2:35 P. M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P. M.	.....

WEST BOUND

Leave Winter Park for	Leave Wrightsville for	Leave for for
Wilmington	Wilmington	Wilmington
a6:20 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a7:31 A. M.	7:20 A. M.	.....
b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
a8:6. A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
9:36 A. M.	9:26 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	c1:45 P. M.
c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	.....
cd3:06P.M.	.....	.....
c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:21 P.M.	6:10 P. M.	c6:05 P. M.
6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
7:32 P. M.	7:22 P. M.	c7:15 P. M.
8:06 P. M.	7:56 P. M.	.....
8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:56 P. M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 3:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Feb. 15, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. * 6:35 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ‡6:15 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 65. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:40 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:35 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:50 A.M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent, WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

EFECTIVE JANUARY 3rd, 1915.

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—4:30 P. M.—For Local stations—Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and All Points North and South.

Through Pullman Parlor Car Service Between Wilmington and Charlotte.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detail information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Fr't Ag't, Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pa. Ag't., Raleigh, N. C.

N & W Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb Rails.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv.Norfolk	8:30a.m.	8:00p.m.
Lv.Petersburg	11:00a.m.	10:40p.m.
Lv.Durham	7:00a.m.	5:30p.m.
Lv.Lynchburg	2:45p.m.	2:30a.m.
Ar.Cincinnati	7:20a.m.	6:20a.m.
Ar.Columbus	6:45a.m.	7:00p.m.
Ar.Chicago	5:00p.m.	8:00a.m.
Ar.St. Louis	6:32p.m.	8:30a.m.

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Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

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New York to Wilmington.
Ssteamship Cherokee, Fri., March 12th
Steamship Seminole, Fri., March 19th
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Steamship Seminole, Sat., March 13th
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ROAD BILLS PASSED FOR MOST COUNTIES

Highway Improvement Now is Expected to be Great.

UNDER NEW COMMISSION

One Hundred Local Road Laws and State Law Enacted by Legislature Believed to Promise Unprecedented Results

(Special Star Correspondence)

Raleigh, N. C., March, 12.—State Geologist Joseph Hyde Pratt, here today for the first time since the adjournment of the Legislature, talked with Governor Craig and other State officials over the outlook for road building on the strength of the road legislation enacted by the General Assembly, the consensus of opinion being that the one hundred or more bills passed by the Legislature for road improvement in nearly every county in the State means unprecedented road improvement during the next two years.

Furthermore there is the State Road Commission bill with its provision for the Governor to appoint a State commission that is provided with $10,000 special appropriation to be used in providing special engineering assistance for counties in the direction of the road construction work.

Within the next week or two Governor Craig will announce his appointments of the road commissioners, the commission to consist of Governor Craig and State Geologist Pratt, ex-officio members, and a professor of engineering from the University of North Carolina and from the A. & M. College and three other appointments by the Governor from the State at large, one each from the eastern, central and the western sections and one of the three to be a member of the minority party. The member of the board from the A. & M. College will be Prof. W. C. Riddick, of the chair of engineering. The appointee from the University lies between Prof. M. H. Stacy and Prof. T. F. Hickerson, of the engineering department.

As soon as this commission is appointed and organizes there will be chosen by it a chief road engineer who, with whatever assistance can be provided, will undertake to co-operate with the road building authorities of whatever counties apply and will conduct a general campaign for road improvement, especially in bringing about the establishment of a system of roads that will connect the county seats and tend to the bringing about of a system of State highways in and through every section of the State.

Two National Guard Bills

There were only two bills passed by the recent Legislature that materially affect the North Carolina National Guard. One empowers the board of commissioners of any county to make contribution to the maintenance of any military organization organized in the county at the discretion of the board.

The other specifies that nothing in the laws governing the North Carolina National Guard shall be construed as repealing Sections 4914 and 4915 of 1908 providing for contributing members of the North Carolina National Guard who shall be exempt from jury duty as are active members of the Guard. Some judges had held during the past two years that this provision had been repealed by construction placed on subsequent legislative acts.

There was no change in the financial status of the Guard. The regular appropriation by the State for all National Guard purposes is $50,000 and the Guard receives from the Federal Government $76,000.

Claude Kitchin, New Leader of the House

Claude Kitchin, of the town of Scotland Neck, N. C., will step into one of the very important positions in the United States when the next Congress convenes in December—before, if an extra session is called. He will succeed Representative Oscar W. Underwood as Democratic leader, and that means majority leader of the House of Representatives Mr Kitchin is a stalwart Southern Democrat, and in his selection the domination of the House by Southerners continues as it has for two years. He is now 46 years of age and is at the height of his vigor. It is predicted by Mr. Kitchin's friends that he will be a leader equal to Mr. Underwood, who now goes to the Senate.

MRS. WOOTEN OPENS GIFT OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Handsome Silver Service, Token of Esteem for the Late Speaker

(Special Star Telegram)

Kinston, N. C., March, 12.—A handsome five piece silver service, the gift of the North Carolina Legislature to Mrs. E. R. Wooten, wife of the late speaker of the House of Reprenentatives, was opened at the Wooten home here today. The service is supposed to have cost several hundred dollars.

GRAPHIC STORY OF PRINZ EITEL'S RUN

(Continued from Page One.)

said the captain, "and could hardly believe it when we saw a French steamship appearing.

"Here the commander paused to give word of sincere praise for the Floride's captain.

"There is a real gentleman," he said with enthusiasm, referring to Captain Moission. "At first his patriotism and the loss of his boat made it hard for him to compose himself on our boat, but later when he had accepted the situation he bore his position like a true gentleman."

Craved Green Growth.

The commander's glance, as he paused after this tribute to the French officer, chanced to fall on a few green sprigs of wheat growing from a box in his cabin window.

"You can't imagine what that little growing green meant to us," he said after a moment's meditation. "Even in the cities you can at least look into a florist's shop. But through these months on the sea, we yearned for it. So when we reached Easter Island, we filled baskets with earth and then a competition began. All we had to plant were beans and peas and we soon found that they would not grow. We were just about ready to give up ever seeing our window gardens green when there came a wheat ship. We planted some of it and you see it is growing."

Easter Island was a bright page in the Eitel Friedrich trip and a strange little Christmas tree at the captain's elbow still bearing its gold and candles was a relic the officer said, from last Christmas celebration. On the stand was the souvenir of a more recent feast, the celebration of the captain's 41st birthday, which occurred yesterday in this port.

It was an elaborately framed poem which the commander smilingly explained, was the present of the non-commissioned officer "Gesangverein" Later, the commander went on deck, the proud author was personally congratulated with a warm handshake.

Hanging on the wall in the captain's cabin was the shell of a tropical fish and lying on the table were photographs which the captain proudly displayed as his "farthest south" record. They showed two great icebergs and a wide grey ice field.

"We went far south of the Horn," the officer explained, "for it was after the battles on the coast and we were afraid of the straits. Then we were up in the tropics, shooting sharks."

"Despite the changes of weather and the hazards of the cruise," the commander added, as the interview closed, "we have not lost a single life and the crew we have today is the same to a man as that which left Tsing Tau many months ago and ready to take another chance."

WIFE OF GREAT OIL MAGNATE IS DEAD

(Continued from Page One.)

but for ten years each was the other's best friend. During the days of Rockefeller's early manhood, when he saw his hopes of a college education fade away, and soon thereafter when he tramped the streets of Cleveland for weeks in a seemingly hopeless search for work, she encouraged and cheered him. Soon after he had established himself in his first place—as bookkeeper at $500. a year—she left Cleveland to complete her education at Worcester, Mass. She returned when she was twenty years old and taught in Cleveland's public schools. Her first class was the "A" grammer grade in the Brownell Street school, now known as the East Fourteenth street school. And she renewed her friendship with young Rockefeller.

Was a School Teacher

In 1862 Miss Spelman, described by her superiors as a splendid disciplinarian and a perfect teacher, become assistant principal of the school. Rockefeller, absorbed in business, took the books of his firm to her of an evening and together they would go over his affairs. Both of them were interested together in church work, too; she as a Congregationalist, he as a Baptist; and neither ever attended a dance or the theatre.

Young Rockefeller prospered beyond his fairest hopes. As soon as he felt that he could ask her to become his wife he did so. They were married on September 8, 1864, the eve of her twenty-fifth birthday, and started to keep house in a little two-story brick residence on one of Cleveland's side streets. Upon her marriage, she became a Baptist and to her religion and her home she devoted her entire time.

"To be a good wife and mother is the highest and hardest privilege of a woman", was one of the sayings as credited to her by the little circle of friends she knew at this time. The borders of her world were her home. Her whole life was wrapped up in her husband and children. She avoided all social functions and joined no clubs.

When Mr. Rockefeller's wealth was mentioned in seven figures they left their first home for a residence remarkable only for its unpretentiousness on Euclid avenue, Cleveland's "mile of millions". Here Mrs. Rockefeller reared her four children; a fifth died in infancy.

The training given the Rockefeller children by their mother is declared to have been almost Spartan. Although the Rockefeller wealth increased in leaps and bounds there was only one carriage and a horse cared for by a man, who acted as both coachman and hostler. These were used mostly Sundays on the trip to church. Mrs. Rockefeller employed two maids but still insisted on doing much of the work herself. She also supervised every detail of the care and training of her children, particularly seeking to instill in their minds the lesson of thrift. It is related that on one occasion she averaged up the gas bills for a year and promised as spending money to her eldest daughter any sum she might save each month by watching that no lights were left burning needlessly.

A relative told of her suffering under a particularly biter newspaper attack in Cleveland against her husband. At her insistance, the guards around the Forest Hill estate were doubled. Although Mr. Rockefeller received scores of letters threatening his life, and personal friends and relatives pleaded with him not to expose himself, he insisted on making his usual Sunday trip by automobile to the Euclid avenue Baptist church.

When Mrs. Rockefeller heard of his determination she insisted on accompanying him although poor health had kept her confined to the house for some time.

"If anything happens to you," she is quoted as saying, "I want it to happen to me too."

Of her children, threee are living. She was the mother of four daughters and one son, the last named, John D. Rockefeller Jr., being the youngest. Her eldest daughter Bessie, who married Prof. Charles A. Strong, died in France in 1906 at the age of 40. The second daughter, Alice, died in infancy.

The surviving children are Alta, wife of E. Parmalee Prentice; Edith who married Harold Fowler McCormick; and John D. Rockefeller, Jr.

Unable to Return Home

Brunswick, Ga., March, 12.—William Rockefeller, who is at his winter home on Jekyl Island, will not be permitted by his physicians to attend the funeral of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller. Preparations were underway for him to leave Brunswick on a special train when his physician advised that it was unsafe for him to make the trip.

"Mr. Rockefeller is suffering from a very heavy cold" said Mr. Rockefeller's secretary.

PRINZ EITEL WILL PROBABLY INTERN

(Continued from Page One.)

urged that the German government should pay them for 43 days spent on board the raider. But despite their shortage of pay the crew of the Frye tonight demonstrated their reciprocity by sending "with their compliments" to the German cruiser eight kegs of beer for the crew and cigars for the officers mess.

Cruiser Is Inspected

Late today a naval board of three, under orders of Rear Admiral Beatty, headed by Naval Constructor DuBose, inspected the Eitel Friedrich. They came to the ship yard from Norfolk. Under regulations which require that all warships coming into American ports be examined, they made a survey of the ship. Naval Constructor DuBose would not discuss his report which will be forwarded to Washington at once for information in guiding officials with reference to the request of the Friedrich's master for time to repair his vessel. Other members of the board were Lieut. Commander Norris and Lieut. Allen.

Following this inspection the Eitel Friedrich, having been scraped and painted below the water line, it was announced that she would withdraw from drydock tomorrow morning and tie up at one of the shiphard piers to await information from Washington as to the request for repairs.

Collector of Customs Hamilton today sent to Commander Thierichens the following letters, after he had been informed of the commander's opinion that it would require three weeks to make his ship seaworthy :

March 12, 1915

"The commander, the German cruiser the Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

Sir:

"Replying further to your letter of March 11 I have the honor to request that you advise me definitely at the earliest moment within your power, of the necessary repairs needed and the length of time required to make your vessel seaworthy.

"You will also please be good enough to advise me of the character and quantity of stores and fuel necessary to carry your vessel to the nearest port of your home country.

"Being charged with the enforcement of the neutrality of the United States in these waters, I have the honor to request that you advise me of all the snupplies you desire to purchase while here.

"Respectfully,
(Signed)
"NORMAN R. HAMILTON, Collector of customs."

The collector did not expect to receive a reply to this letter today. A formal report on the entire incident of the Friedrich's arrival here was forwarded by Collector Hamilton tonight to the Secretary of the Treasury. It will reach him tomorrow morning.

Immigration officials still are holding out the Friedrich immigrants taken from the French steamer Floride.

Disposition of them is under consideration by the immigration authorities and will be decided tomorrow.

59 TOBACCO WAREHOUSES LIABLE TO THE PENALTY.

For Failure to Report by March 10 Sales for February.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 12.—Commissioner of Agriculture W. A. Graham made public the names of 59 tobacco warehouses in various sections of the tobacco belt that are liable under the new law to penalties of $25 each to any citizen who sues for failure to make report of sales the past month of February by March 10th.

Numbers of them are in sections where the season is about over, but in that case the management, the Commissioner says, were under obligation to so report. However, warehouses that had no sales would hardly be construed to be liable for penalty.

BIG EATERS GET KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a Glass of Salts Before Breakfast if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You.

The American men and women must guard constantly against Kidney trouble, because we eat too much, and all our food is rich. Our blood is filled with uric acid which the kidneys strive to filter out, they weaken from overwork, become sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and the result is kidney trouble, bladder weakness and a general decline in health.

When your kidneys feel like lumps of lead; your back hurts or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night; if you suffer with sick headache or dizzy, nervous spells, acid stomach, or you have rheumatism when the weather is bad, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys; to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water beverage, and belongs in every home, because nobody can make a mistake by having a good kidney flushing any time.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE. The amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

FOR SUNDAY—PINEAPPLE, STRAWberry, chocolate and vanilla ice cream. Pure sweet cream 50c per quart. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co., Phone 485. ma 13-1t*

COUNTRY EGGS 20c.; CREAM CHEESE 22c.; best creamery butter 37c.; 3 cans tomatoes 25c.; 3 cans Karo syrup 25c.; 3 cans Corn, 25c.; Arbuckle's coffee 22c.; best pig meat 14c. Vaught & Vereen. 'Phone 1175. mh13-1t

YACHT FOR SALE — FIFTY-ONE feet long; ten feet beam; thirty-six horse power Gray motor. Built eighteen months ago. L. G. Daniels, Newbern, N. C. mh13-tf

FOR SALE — LARGE BLACK MARE horse, weight 1,100; age, 7 1-2 years; Full of life. Easy managed. Works anywhere. Fat and sleek. Reason: Selling out. M. P. Jones, Rosindale, N. C. mh13-2t

FOR SALE — THIRTY DOLLAR HEYwood baby carriage. Practically new. Address "L. B.," care Star. mh13-2t*

WANTED — BOOK-KEEPER NOW EMployed, wishes to make change to more congenial employment. Experienced. Married. A-1 references. Communications Confidential. Address "B," 39, care Star. mh13-2t*

SPECIAL SCHEDULE — STEAMER Wilmington will leave Sunday, March 14th, at 10 A. M. instead of 9:30 A. M. mh13-1t

REFINED COUPLE CAN SECURE board in private family, with possibility of keeping house in summer if desired. Most desirable Home. References exchanged. "X," care Star. mh13-2t*

MISS HENSHAW WILL TAKE PUPILS wishing to enter school next year in advance of grade. 815 Chestnut St. Telephone 1577-J. mh13-1t*

FOR SALE—ONE SHINGLE MACHINE and one fan; also a lot of valves, piping and pipe fittings, and iron fence posts. Wilmington Iron Works. mh13-1t

BOOK-KEEPER AND STENOGRAPHer wants position, permanent or temporary. Several years' experience. Can furnish best references. Address "Competent," care Star. mh13-1t*

U. C. T. ATTENTION — ALL MEMbers of Cape Fear Council, No. 374, U. C. T., are urgently requested to attend the annual meeting this Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock, for election of officers and representatives to the Grand Lodge. Fraternally, W. T. Smith, Sec'y. mh13-1t

FOR RENT — GROUND FLOOR OFfice, Princess, between Front and Second. See L. W. Moore. mh13-1t

INHALE — FOR HEADACHE, COLDS, catarrh. W. K. Anders, 218 Meares St., Wilmington, N. C. mh13-2t*

WANTED—GENTLEMEN BOARDERS. First-class table board, with or without rooms, at reasonable rates. 315 N. 2nd st. Convenient to car lines. 'Phone No. 2061 mh13-4t*

RAISIN POUND CAKES; ALSO PLAIN, 50 each. White Mountain and Cocoanut Layer Cakes, 25c. lb. Silver Slice and Jelly Rolls, 10c. All our cakes are baked by the Chesapeake Baking Co., Baltimore. 'Phone 853. C. H. Bornemann. mh13-1t*

BONELESS BACON, 22c. LB.; KRIEL'S Hams, 17c. lb. Fine Fish Roe, $1.00 dozen. Large, fresh Country Eggs, 25c. dozen; Celery, 10c. Large Grape Fruit, 5c; Corned Hams, 18c. lb., at C. H. Bornemann's. 'Phone 853. mh13-1t*

WANTED TO SELL, DRY OAK, ASH, mixed with dry pine, for cooking. Also a hard-wood block mixed with dry pine, split and cut stove sizes. Just the thing for heaters, grates and furnaces. Big load. Delivered. $1.15, $1.25 and $1.40. 'Phone 818. mh13-1t*

WANTED — PARTY TO RAFT TEN to twelve cars logs at Smith's Creek Bridge. Apply Levering Manufacturing Co.; 35 Trust Building. mh13-1t*

IN ADDITION TO OUR FULL LINE OF Delicatessen and Groceries, we have on hand the following things in bulk: Russian Caviar, anchovies, Bismark herring, pickled Dutch herring, smoked bloaters, smoked white fish, smoked salmon and fresh halibut. At May Bros.', 130 Market. 'Phone 1322. mh12-3t

FOR SALE — ONE GOOD, GENTLE mare, 1,200 lbs.; 2 sows, 6 pigs 8 weeks old; good stock; wagon and harness. Some good Plymouth rock hens and rooster. Bargain for quick sale. John Frank, Castle Haynes, N. C. mh12-3t*

NEW HOTEL AT LUMBERTON — When in Lumberton, stop at the Thompson Hotel, Main street. Free Auto. Service. Free Fires. Brick structure. Dining room connection. Courteous treatment. F. A. Crabtree, Mgr. mh7-su,m,f-9t

FOR SALE—HATCHING EGGS, WHITE leghorn and Columbian Wyandottes, bred to lay strain; one dollar per setting. Holden Branch Poultry Farms, Lumber Bridge, N. C. mh10-6t*

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, NICE horse and buggy for Ford Auto. Also to buy a couple of second-hand Bell telephones. Apply to "Exchange," care Star. mh13-3t

SALESMEN—INVESTIGATE AT ONCE our brand new specialties. Appeals to high class trade. Booklet free. Prospect Specialty Co., 27 Prospect street, Ashtabula, Ohio. fe 27-sa-3t*

WANTED — SALESMAN TO SELL LUbricating oils, house and barn paint and specialties. Big profits. Champion Refining Co., Cleveland, O. de26;sa13t

WARNING — THE PUBLIC IS WARNed that another party claiming to use same process as we are using is in Wilmington soliciting orders for cleaning carpets. He has not the right material, and if your carpets are ruined it is at your own risk. Schmidt & Co., of Brooklyn, N. Y. mh8-6t*

THE FIRM OF LAMB & DICKSEY, No. 18 South Second street, having been dissolved by mutual consent, the business will be continued in future by Lamb & Ellers, and all orders for first-class sanitary plumbing will be given prompt attention. Phone 1925-W. mh 7-7t*

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY earn steady income, corresponding for newspapers. Experience unnecessary. Address Press Correspondence Bureau, Washington, D. C. mh7-7t*

FOR RENT — TWO, THREE OR FIVE room apartment, bath and all modern conveniences. House practically new. Possession at once. Use of 'Phone. Telephone 660. 415 Grace street. mh4-tf

SINGLE COMB WHITE LEGHORN Baby Chicks. Hatching eggs guaranteed; fresh eggs for table use. Pine Grove Poultry Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, Prop.; 'Phone 4312. mh4-tf

BY ORDER OF THE PUBLISHERS — Beginning with issue dated March 7th, the price of the Hearst's Sunday American will be 5 cents per copy. Gordon Brothers; 'Phone 745. mh4-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—50,000 SHINGLES. J. W. Brooks. fe28-tf

FOR PLUMBING, METAL WORK, HOT air and steam heating. See Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. Ladies and gentlemen come to see our show room, 109 North Second street. no 25-tf

PANAMA EXPOSITION — IF YOU ARE interested, communicate with Dr. J. H. Foster, 503 Chestnut street, or 'phone 765-J. fe17-tf

IF IT IS SUIT CASES AND TRUNKS, see Uncle Charles, berore you buy. No. 6 South Front street, or 'phone 642. ja5-tf

FOR SALE

Two well broken, well-built mare Mules. Will weigh about eleven hundred pounds each.

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D. L. Gore

Wilmington, N. C.

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A. D. S. "Sekarstwo ne Zaziebienie i Grype"

This is not war news from Poland, but is the kind of noise the Poles make when they want a package of A. D. S. Cold and Grippe Tables.

You don't have to say it, in fact; please don't; just call 55, say you have a cold, and we will send you a package quick.

1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1915

126 SOUTH FRONT STREET

(We have received our New Stock Vegetable and Flower Seeds.)

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our catalogs for "Spring Goods" have been thoroughly revised, and the Best Prices Obtainable can be had from us, by purchasing your "Spring Goods" before it is too late—when prices have advanced.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO

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Office, 212-213 Murchison Bldg.
Residence, Seventeenth and Market.

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Cooper's Crusoe	8-2½-2
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